



Electronic Submittal

Alabama Department of Environmental Management MS4/ Storm Water Management Branch Water Division
1400 Coliseum Boulevard
Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2059

Attention: Cammie Ashmore

Subject:

Auburn University Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)

Annual Report 2019/2020

Auburn University, Lee County (081) Alabama

ALR040030

Dear Ms. Ashmore:

Auburn University is pleased to submit the Annual Report and current Storm Water Management Program Plan (SWMPP) as required by the referenced general NPDES permit. The report covers the April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020 compliance period.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision according to a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

The implementation of the University's SWMPP is dependent upon multiple groups on campus. I serve to facilitate the progress towards the Plan's objectives and ADEM's primary point of contact

for the referenced permit. Should you have any questions or require further clarification, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

	Very truly yours,
	Tom P. McCauley, CHMM
	Environmental Programs Manager
C: Phase II Annual Report + SWMPP	May 2020
1 Hard Copy + 1 Electronic Copy	
Executive Committee:	
DOPY	5/25/20
Mr. Dan King Associate Vice President	Date
Facilities Management	
Mohnet Tensle	
1	May 20, 2020
Mr. Michael Kensler	Date
Director	
Campus Sustainability	

Storm Water Management Program Plan

Responsible Personnel Contact Information

Primary Point of Contact:	Tom McCauley, Environmental Programs Manager
	Risk Management & Safety, 334-844-4870
Executive Committee:	Dan King, Associate Vice President
	Facilities Management, 334-844-4810
	Michael Kensler, Director
	Office of Sustainability, 334-844-7777
BMP#1	Tom McCauley, 334-844-4870,
Public Education	Michael Kensler, 334-844-7777
Public Involvement	Water Resource Center, 334-844-4785
BMP#2	Tom McCauley, 334-844-4870
Illicit Discharge	Ken Martin, 334-844-4810
Detection & Elimination	Water Resource Center, 334-844-4785
BMP#3	Tom McCauley, 334-844-4870
Construction	Scott Fuller, 334-844-4810
BMP#4	Tom McCauley, 334-844-4870

Ben Burmester, 334-844-4810

Tom McCauley, 334-844-4870

Dan Whatley, 334-844-9500

Post Construction

Pollution Prevention

Good Housekeeping

BMP#5



MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) ANNUAL REPORT REPORTING PERIOD APRIL 1, 2019 – MARCH 31, 2020

Prepared by

AUBURN UNIVERSITY

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Submitted May 2020

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Introduction

This Annual Report was developed in accordance with the guidelines provided in Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 122.26(d) incorporated by reference in the Alabama Administrative Code 335-6 as administered by the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) and NPDES ALR040030 Phase II General Permit effective October 1, 2016.

The purpose of this Annual Report is to describe the compliance efforts reflected in the University's Storm Water Management Program Plan (SWMPP). The Annual Report will identify the control measure specific efforts undertaken by Auburn University from April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020 to reduce the discharge of pollutants from Auburn University's main campus to the maximum extent practicable (MEP) to protect water quality and to satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the Clean Water Act (CWA).

This Annual Report and the University Storm Water Management Program is a result of a collaborative approach from individuals that represent both academic and operational areas of campus. The multi-disciplinary effort continues to be strengthened by its diversity and includes the following individuals and their areas of responsibility or interest:

- Dr. Chris Anderson, Forestry & Wildlife Sciences
- Mr. Nicholas Blair, Facilities Management Design Services
- Dr. David Blersch, Biosystems Engineering
- Dr. Eve Brantley, Crop, Soil & Environmental Sciences, AL Cooperative Extension Services
- Mr. Ben Burmester, Facilities Management Office of University Architect
- Ms. Mona Dominguez, Alabama Water Watch
- Mr. Malcolm Dailey, Facilities Management Utilities & Energy
- Ms. Valerie Friedmann, Architecture Planning & Landscape Architecture
- Ms. Joan Hicken, Facilities Management Waste Reduction & Recycling
- Dr. Thorsten Knappenberger, Crop, Soil & Environmental Sciences
- Mr. Mike Kensler, Office of Sustainability
- Mr. Dan King, Facilities Management
- Mr. Eric Klypas, Athletics Department Field Management
- Mr. Judd Langham, Facilities Management Office of University Architect
- Ms. Charlene LeBleu, Architecture Planning & Landscape Architecture
- Mr. Glenn Loughridge, Campus Dining
- Mr. Tom McCauley, Risk Management & Safety
- Dr. Chandana Mitra, Department of Geosciences
- Ms. Wendy Peacock, Facilities Management Construction Management

- Mr. Buster Reese, Facilities Management, Design Services
- Dr. Puneet Srivastava, Water Resource Center
- Ms. Amy Strickland, Office of Sustainability
- Mr. Justin Sutton, Facilities Management Landscape Services
- Mr. William Walker, Campus Dining
- Dr. Amy Wright, Department of Horticulture

MS4 Description

Auburn University is a large teaching and research institution located in Auburn, Lee County, Alabama comprised of approximately 1841 acres of contiguous property, 427 buildings and 206 academic buildings. Auburn University is one of the major land grant/ liberal arts and science universities in the southeast. The area surrounding Auburn University consists of residential property to the east and southeast, agricultural property to the southwest and west and urban city property to the north and east.

Control Measures

Storm water management controls or Best Management Practices (BMPs) will be implemented to the MEP to minimize pollution in storm water discharges from Auburn University's main campus. AU's Policy on Storm Water Management Compliance (Appendix B) serves as the regulatory mechanism as required by the Permit. The Permit and SWMPP require BMPs to be implemented addressing five minimum control measures. As required by Part III.B. of the Permit, the Annual Report will describe the University's efforts performed during this reporting period to implement the established BMPs (Public Education & Public Involvement on Storm Water Impacts, Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination, Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control, Post Construction Storm Water Management in New and Redevelopments and Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping for Municipal Operations) and will include:

- The status of AU's compliance with Permit conditions, an assessment of the appropriateness of the identified BMPs, and progress towards achieving the statutory goal for each of the minimum control measures.
- 2. Results of information collected and analyzed during this reporting period, including any monitoring data used to assess the success of the SWMPP at reducing discharge of pollutants to the MEP.
- 3. A summary of storm water activities the University plans to undertake during the next reporting cycle.
- 4. Proposed changes to the University's SWMPP.

5. All monitoring results collected during the reporting period in accordance with Part V. of the Permit.

BMP: Public Education & Public Involvement on Storm Water Impacts

Storm water pollution prevention education leads to an informed and knowledgeable campus community that is more likely to support and comply with the BMP provisions. The targeted "Public" audiences of the University's SWMPP are Auburn University faculty, staff, students and visitors, which populate the campus on any given day. Within these populations, only students in residence housing live on campus. All other students, employees and visitors reside in the surrounding communities.

Throughout this reporting period, Auburn University initiated activities consistent with the SWMPP as follow:

Presentations and Events

Multiple presentations were offered by Auburn University throughout the course of this reporting period to promote water quality and storm water management principles. Presentations were offered by a variety of different AU entities and for diverse AU and non-AU audiences.

Lee County Water Festival (May 1-2, 2019)

Almost 100 volunteers and 1217 fifth graders from Lee County elementary schools participated in the fourteenth annual Lee County Water Festival. Representatives from Auburn, Lee County, Opelika, Auburn University and Smith Station along with the Alabama Agricultural Extension System, the Department of Agriculture's Natural Resources Conservation Service and Clean Water Partnership partnered together to educate children on the importance of water, conservation of natural resources and becoming better stewards of the environment.

Camp War Eagle (May-July 2019)

Every summer prior to the fall semester, Auburn University hosts Camp War Eagle (CWE) for incoming freshman. Through CWE, freshman students are provided an experience that promotes the academic, social and personal opportunities incoming freshmen students can experience. We hope our website will provide all necessary information and instructions to prepare you for your orientation session and your first year at Auburn University. The Office of Sustainability provides information on sustainability at Auburn, and hand out a Sustainable-Student Action Guide, which includes a section on "Saving Water" listing water conservation and water quality practices.

Alabama Watershed Stewards Training (July 16, 2019)

The Alabama Watershed Stewards program is a hands-on training that introduces participants to the link between land use and water quality, state water rules, and how to engage in watershed planning. A total of 19 people attended this event that included representatives from state agencies, interested citizens, Auburn University employees, and local government.



Campus BMP Tours (multiple)

Multiple tours of campus storm water best management practices (BMPs) were conducted during this reporting period. Tours were arranged as learning opportunities for various student, government and community groups. These tours highlight the importance of these structures whether used during the construction phase or as permanent post construction BMPS.

Alabama Storm Water Association
Sponsored Events & Activities
(August 15, 2019)

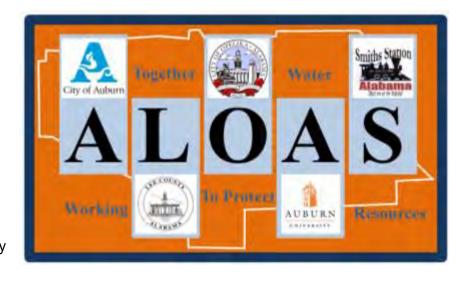
Alabama Storm Water Association continued to grow during this



reporting period and offered learning opportunities on multiple occasions for those interested. A one-day seminar entitled "Post Construction Storm Water Management; Getting Started and Sustaining Success" offered multiple presentations by ADEM regulatory officials and personnel representing MS4 communities. Efforts to formalize the ASA as a non-profit organization also continued which included development of by-laws and Board structure. Auburn University has representation on the ASA Board, which established its mission to help protect and restore the quality of Alabama resources through storm water related connection. The vision of the ASA is to become an incubator and promoter of storm water innovation, collaboration, communication and connection for the good of Alabama and for the protection and restoration of the waters within and beyond its borders.

City of Auburn, Lee County, City of Opelika, Auburn University, City of Smith Station (ALOAS)

Auburn University is a member of **ALOAS**, a citizen's advisory committee. The committee allows individuals from the community to interact with the ALOAS MS4 entities and provide and receive feedback related to storm water activities planned. This also promotes a positive forum for the community to participate. The committee



has authority and direct input into regional storm water management efforts. Due to a variety of reasons, the ALOAS committee did not meet during this reporting period however; a dialogue between the groups was maintained. It is the intent of the reestablish a quarterly meeting during the next reporting period to promote and coordinate community activities related to storm water management.

Sustainability Picnic (August 21, 2019)

A zero-waste picnic designed to provide incoming Auburn University undergraduate students an opportunity to connect with sustainability activities, information, organizations, and suppliers for campus. This year over 40 organizations had a presence, representing a range of



sustainability-related topics, and door prizes promoting sustainable behaviors were awarded to lucky winners.

AU Green Game (September 14, 2019)

The annual Green Game at Auburn University was held as the Auburn Tigers faced off against Kent State. The Green Game is an opportunity to celebrate the sustainability-related initiatives of the Athletics department, while encouraging fans to also participate in helping make Game days greener. A <u>Green Game Video</u> was aired during the game to help highlight some of the many initiatives AU undertakes and 35 "Trash Talkers" stood near waste stations outside and then inside the stadium to educate fans about proper waste and recycling procedures..



<u>Peers Network Ambassador Trainings (September 2019 - January 2020)</u>

Sponsored by the Office of Sustainability, the Ambassadors are introduced to all the sustainability-related practices and policies at Auburn University, including the Storm Water Management Plan and practices on campus.

Office of Sustainability / Waste Reduction & Recycling (October 16, 2019)

Nearly 50 students participated in the event which intends to inform and educate the Auburn University community on how to properly sort waste. Educate the Auburn University community on how much waste is produced in an on campus building in a short amount of time. Sorted through 4 hours of the Mell Classroom Building's waste to distinguish which could have been recycled and/or composted. Displayed these piles whilst explaining to students how much waste we produce. Furthered the conversation of reducing one's waste with the curious passerbyers.

Beyond the Farm (March 26, 2020)

AU Agriculture Council along with the Office of Campus Dining and the Office of Sustainability are hosting Beyond the Farm on Thursday, March 26 from 11 am -2 pm on the Student Center Greenspace. Over 25 clubs/organizations were invited to the event that highlighted Agriculture and Auburn



Foods, where food comes from and what role agriculture plays in making sure their food is safe.

Cancelled due to COVID-19

The Alabama Cooperative Extension System (ACES) is the primary outreach and engagement

organization for the land-grant mission of Alabama A&M University and Auburn University in cooperation with Tuskegee University. ACES provides research-



based educational programs in agriculture; forestry, wildlife, and natural resources; family and consumer sciences; economic and community development; 4-H and youth development; and urban affairs. During this reporting period a couple examples of these programs, educational tools and presentations included:

AL Forestry Commission, Water Resources Committee Seminar & Field Trip (Jan 15, 2020)

A Collaborative with AU Risk Management & Safety along with Eve Brantley of ACES participated in seminar and field trip of storm water and stream projects implemented on the AU campus.

PMC Cleanup and Native Plant Installations (March 2, 2020)

The ACES Water Team organized a stream clean up and native plant installation along the Wellness Kitchen reach of Parkerson Mill Creek on March 2, 2020. Ten individuals from Auburn University removed litter and planted more than 60 native plants in areas needing new vegetation.

The Water Resource Center

Auburn University Water Resources Center mission is to facilitate successful collaboration among Auburn University faculty and staff on multi-disciplinary, water-related research, outreach, and teaching; and to facilitate the active involvement of private citizens in the stewardship of water resources.

To achieve its mission, vision, and objectives, the Auburn University Water Resources Center consists of interdisciplinary teams of research, teaching, and Extension outreach faculty and staff who address all types of water-related issues in Alabama, the Southeast, and around the globe. The outreach activities are done through the Alabama Cooperative Extension System and programs such as Alabama Water Watch and Global Water Watch.







The research activities are funded through the Alabama Water Resources Institute, the Alabama Agricultural Experiment Station and a wide variety of extramural sources. During this reporting period, multiple research opportunities were made available and partnerships created to further the mission of the Water Resource Center.

Research Spotlight No. 1: Dr. Thorsten Knappenberger, PhD, Department of Crop, Soil & **Environmental Sciences**

Parkerson Mill Creek does not meet minimum water quality standards for its designated Fish and Wildlife water use classification. In 2008, ADEM listed Parkerson Mill Creek on the CWA Section 303(d) List of Impaired Waters as impaired for 6.85 miles from Chewacla Creek to its source. Parkerson Mill Creek's listing was based on a series of Auburn/Opelika Intensive Fecal Coliform Studies conducted in 2007. The cause of impairment was identified as pathogens from urban stormwater runoff and storm sewer sources.

In September 2011, ADEM's TMDL for Parkerson Mill Creek was finalized for pathogens. An intensive E.coli study that revealed that each sampling station except PKML-1 had both geomean and single sample exceedances. The TMDL determined a 61% load reduction is needed from nonpoint source of pathogens in the watershed.

This project will help with addressing the components in the Parkerson Mill Creek Watershed Management Plan by installing low impact development best management practices (LID

BMPs) to mitigate urban runoff quality and quantity on the Auburn University campus. Research shows that LID BMPs, such as roadside vegetated filter strips and bioswales, play an important role in urban watersheds in decreasing urban stormwater runoff quantity and improving runoff quality. Furthermore, LID BMPs such as these are more cost effective as compared to conventional, hard-engineered stormwater infrastructure. In spring and summer 2019, the first step pools and rock filter dams were constructed (Figure 1) at the site to slow down stormwater runoff and to facilitate stormwater infiltration. Each pool was vegetated with with muhly grass (*Muhlenbergia capillaris*), cone flower (*Echinacea purpurea*) and swamp milkweed (*Asclepias incarnata*).



Figure 1: Finished construction of the downstream end of the project site.

The 2nd section of the bioswale was constructed in March 2020. Existing grass was terminated in fall 2019 to reduce weed pressure after construction. A tractor mounted and PTO driven cultivator was used to till the soil surface. A 2" layer of compost was added to the soil to improve physical and chemical soil properties. The compost was incorporated with the cultivator. Additional 16 rock filter dams were constructed at 1 foot elevation increments according to the Alabama Handbook for Erosion Control, Sediment Control and Stormwater Management on Construction Sites and Urban Areas. The BMP design of the rock filter dam is attached in the appendix. The west end of the 2nd section was vegetated with muhly grass (*Muhlenbergia capillaris*), cone flower (*Echinacea purpurea*) and swamp milkweed (*Asclepias incarnata*) in April 2020. The east end of the 2nd section is planned to be vegetated at the end of April / beginning of May 2020 depending on the COVID-19 restrictions and availability of plants from nurseries.

Research Spotlight No. 2: Increasing Sustainability of Residential Areas Using Rain Gardens to Improve Pollutant Capture, Biodiversity and Ecosystem Resilience

Jennifer Morash, Amy Wright, Charlene LeBleu, Amanda Meder, Raymond Kessler, Eve Brantley of Auburn University and Julie Howe of TAMU

Rain gardens have become a widespread stormwater practice in the United States, and their use is poised to continue expanding as they are an aesthetically pleasing way to improve the quality of stormwater runoff. The terms rain garden and bioretention, are now often used interchangeably to denote a landscape area that treats stormwater runoff. Rain gardens are an e ective, attractive, and sustainable stormwater management solution for residential areas and urban green spaces. They can restore the hydrologic function of urban landscapes and capture stormwater runo pollutants, such as phosphorus (P), a main pollutant in urban cities and residential neighborhoods. Although design considerations such as size, substrate depth, substrate type, and stormwater holding time have been rigorously tested, little research has been conducted on the living portion of rain gardens. This paper reviews two studies—one that evaluated the effects of flooding and drought tolerance on the physiological responses of native plant species recommended for use in rain gardens, and another that evaluated P removal in monoculture and polyculture rain garden plantings. In the second study, plants and substrate were evaluated for their ability to retain P, a typical water pollutant. Although plant growth across species was sometimes lower when exposed to repeated flooding, plant visual quality was generally not compromised. Although plant selection was limited to species native to the southeastern U.S., some findings may be translated regardless of region. Plant tissue P was higher than either leachate or substrate, indicating the critical role plants play in P accumulation and removal. Additionally, polyculture plantings had the lowest leachate P, suggesting a polyculture planting may be more effective in preventing excess P from entering waterways from bioretention gardens. The findings included that, although monoculture plantings are common in bioretention gardens, polyculture plantings can improve biodiversity, ecosystem resilience, and rain garden functionality.

Research Spotlight 3 Green Infrastructure Lab

Thermal pollution to receiving waters is an urban storm water problem throughout the world that negatively affects fish and wildlife habitat. Research conducted in the Green Infrastructure Laboratory Green Lab at the Mike Hubbard Center for Advanced Science, Innovation and Commerce



(CASIC) Building in the Auburn University Research Park, Auburn, AL explores this storm water problem. Here pavement cells receive simulated sun (infrared lamps), and rain (water sprinkler) events. Impervious pavement cells and turfgrass cells are used as controls. Data collected includes microcosm cell surface, internal cell temperature, and water temperature exiting cells. The importance of this research is that it has the potential to impact estuary conditions and receiving waters in Mobile Bay and beyond.

Watershed Clean-Up Efforts

Auburn University collaborated with the campus community as well as the City of Auburn Watershed Resource Division to perform a variety of community events including stream clean-ups, invasive floral species removal projects and livestaking within the watershed to further promote awareness and measures that can be taken to better protect our watershed. The following table provides a summary of the events that took place during this reporting period.



Campus Location	Date	Participation	Participants
PMC @ Biggio	04-27-2019	10	AU Staff, Faculty
			Students (American
			Chemical Society)
PMC @ Biggio to	08-24-19	16	AU Staff, Faculty
Lem Morrison			and Students
PMC @ Biggio to	02-23-20	15	AU Staff, Students
Lem Morrison			(Omega Phi Alpha)
			and the City of
			Auburn
PMC to Lem	03-01-20	45	AU Staff, Students
Morrison			(Alternative Student
			Breaks) and the City
			of Auburn
PMC at Wellness	03-02-20	10	AU Faculty and
Kitchen			Students
PMC on Campus	04-01-20	Cancelled due to	AU Faculty, Staff,
		COVID-19	Students (Ag Peer
			Group) for Earth
			Month
Campus Wide	Continual	14 Groups/Individuals	AU Students, Staff &
		Adopt-A-Spot	Faculty



<u>Auburn Student Government Association's Big Event</u> (2020)

The BIG Event gives thousands of Auburn students the opportunity to give back to the Auburn & Opelika community. As students go into the community to serve its homeowners through yard work or housework, the

Cancelled Due to COVID-19

Measure Specific Evaluation

Auburn University continued to be successful in providing a variety of information related to storm water management, water quality and water conservation to AU and non-AU entities. AU strives to engage all faculty, staff and students through education to serve the community and to become more involved in making a positive impact. During this reporting period, AU continued to foster an open and collaborative relationship with the many different groups on and off campus, through the continued pursuit of research initiatives and funding to improve and protect water resources as witnessed by the Auburn Water Resource Center, the innovative research being done by the many academic disciplines on campus and for the continued efforts by the Office of Sustainability and the SGA to engage the campus community.

Measure specific activities planned for the next reporting period

During this next reporting period, Auburn University plans to continue to promote the goals of the storm water program to include at a minimum:

- 1. Sponsor multiple PMC campus clean up events
- 2. Participate with ALOAS and others entities to offer the annual Lee County Water Festival (2021).
- 3. Continue to be an active ASA Board Member and assist in the development and delivery of multiple learning opportunities
- 4. Continued promotion of Parkerson Mill Creek (PMC) and the PMC Watershed Management Plan.
- 5. Continue partnership with ALOAS to communicate local storm water challenges, opportunities and community concerns.
- 6. Continue to promote sustainability initiatives to include storm water management best management practices.

BMP: Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination

During this reporting period, Auburn
University continued to utilize the storm water
infrastructure engineering assessment to
prioritize areas on campus requiring further
assessment and/or repair along with field
observations by AU Facilities Management –
Utilities and Energy, Mechanical Shops,
Water Resources and Risk Management &
Safety to investigate sources of potential illicit
discharges. An updated map is attached to
this report and identifies the storm water
conveyance system maintained by the
University.



Through continued educative efforts, an informed campus community is relied upon to relay observations of potential illicit discharges. These observations are communicated to AU Administration through multiple methods to include Facility Management's 24 hour Work Management System (844-HELP), the AU "Ask Facilities" web tool or communicating directly to Risk Management & Safety. Dry weather screening is performed on an annual basis on the outfalls identified on campus. Screening includes visual observations of flow, and infrastructure condition. Upon discovery or suspicion of a potential illicit discharge, further investigation is initiated. A variety of measures can be deployed to track the source of the illicit discharge and may involve multiple AU groups as well as the

City of Auburn as necessary. The listing of outfalls evaluated this reporting period is included as an Appendix E to this report.



Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination (IDDE) training is provided annually and during this reporting period 176 individuals received Environmental Awareness training that covers storm water management and the elements of the IDDE program.

Measure Specific Evaluation

Throughout this reporting period, Auburn University was successful in meeting the objectives of the Illicit Discharge Detection Elimination measure as defined in the University's SWMP. Accomplishments and ongoing actions supporting this BMP included:

- Maintenance of the University's Policy on Storm Water Compliance (Appendix B) continues to serve as the regulatory mechanism for this measure.
- Community involvement and dry weather screening were successful in identifying
 multiple illicit discharges that were investigated and ceased as quickly as possible.
 These efforts compliment the goals of the Program and addressed activities that were
 introducing pollutants from entering the MS4.
- The continued evaluation of the infrastructure engineering assessment has given direction to Facilities Management to enable a prioritized approach to infrastructure management

Measure specific activities planned for the next reporting period

Auburn University will continue the Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination measures as defined in the University's SWMPP. During the next reporting period, the following activities are planned:

- 1. Provide annual IDDE training to University employee, students and visitors to increase community's level of awareness to pollution prevention.
- 2. Explore opportunities to improve stream corridor and infrastructure condition as needed through continual investigation.

BMP: Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control

In accordance with Part III (B) (4) of NPDES Permit No ALR040030, Auburn University developed the Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control Best Management Practice. Auburn University's Facilities Management is responsible for all construction projects on campus and implementation of this measure.

During this reporting period, a total of eleven (11) qualifying construction sites were managed on campus that required storm water protection measures to be implemented and maintained. Details specific to these 11 sites to include the number of inspections, number of complaint notices and number of run off complaints can be viewed in Appendix A of this report.

Measure Specific Evaluation

Based on the requirements identified in Part III (B) (4) of NPDES Permit No ALR040030, Auburn University implemented Design Standards assist in meeting these requirements. The Design Standards establish a measurable performance standard to qualify the effectiveness of on-site controls. The inclusion of turbidity monitoring into specified projects has been an excellent measure to evaluate the implementation of the site specific ESC Plan. The training

events allowed for a collaborative exchange of information and developed a common understanding of expectations.

Measure specific activities planned for the next reporting period

Auburn University will continue implementing Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control as defined in the University's SWMPP. During the next reporting period, the following activities are planned:

- 1. Provide annual training event to AU Project Managers and Design Engineers.
- 2. Investigate opportunities to collaborate with local governments to offer training event to the public.

BMP: Post Construction Storm Water Runoff Control

The Auburn University Board of Trustees approved the University's first Landscape Master Plan February 5, 2016 as an update to the Comprehensive Campus Master Plan. The Landscape Master Plan contains the Post-Construction Storm Water Manual, completed in 2013, that establishes principles, guidelines and standards for storm water management planning, design and operation. As a component of the Auburn University Design and Construction Standards, the Post Construction Stormwater Manual provides the principles, guidelines and standards for stormwater management design for new campus projects. By providing a set of comprehensive best management practices for stormwater management, future campus construction projects will protect and improve water quality, provide campus flood protection, and reduce stormwater flow rates to downstream waters. The Post Construction Stormwater Manual includes a stormwater management review checklist to review compliance with the University's design standards. Multiple projects were completed, are in construction, or are currently being designed during this reporting year.

Multiple projects were completed during this reporting period that added permanent post-construction storm water best management practices to the campus inventory. A listing of these projects along with images can be found below. Please see Appendix F for the updated campus inventory of post construction BMPs along with inspection counts.

Duoiset			Storm	water Best Man	agement Praction	ces (BMPs)	
Project No.	Project Name	Detention or Retention	Subsurface Detention	Bioretention	Pervious Paving	Green Roof	Stream Restoration
18-121	Auburn Research Park –						
	Building 6 (EAMC Health	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
	Sciences Facility)						

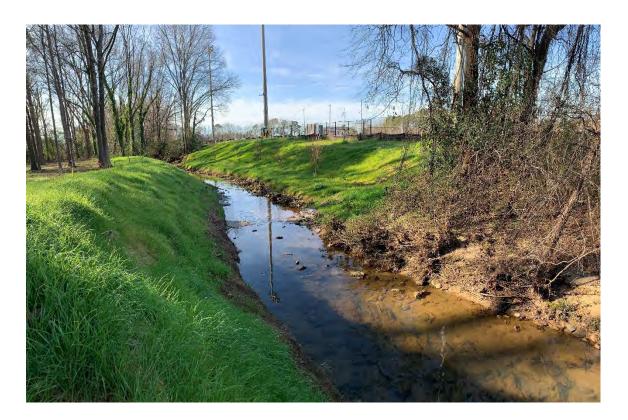
18-200	Plainsman Park New Player Development Center	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
18-429	Community Garden Relocation	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No
19-016	Auburn Research Park – Infrastructure Expansion	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
19-169	Parkerson Mill Creek Greenway	No	No	No	No	No	Yes



Bioretention Cell at Horton Hardgrave Hall (AU Project 14-044)



Bioretenion at the West Campus Parking Expansion (AU Project 19-037)



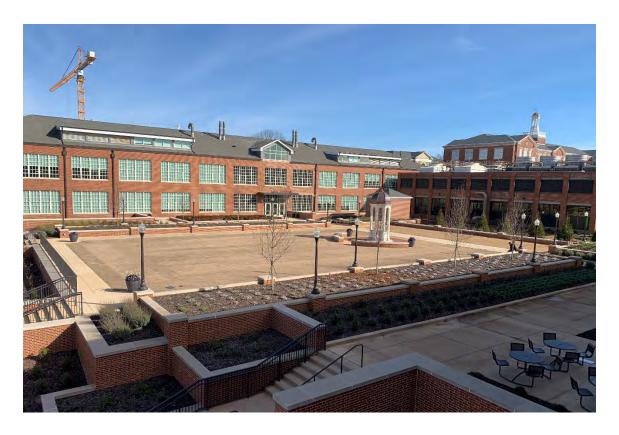
Stream Restoration at Parkerson Mill Creek Greenway Adjacent to Intramural Flelds (AU Project 19-169)



Regional Retention Pond at Gogue Performance Arts Center (AU Project 15-158)



Pervious paving at the South College Street Parking Deck (AU Project 18-071)



Green Roof at Brown Kopel Engineering Student Achievement Center (AU Project 15-157)

Measure Specific Evaluation

During this reporting period, Auburn University continued efforts to strengthen this measure through education and increasing expectations. Utilizing an extensive plan review process, AU staff have been successful in promoting many storm water best management practices during this reporting period.

Measure specific activities planned for the next reporting period

Auburn University will continue implementation of Post Construction Storm Water Management in new development and redevelopment as defined in the University's SWMP. During the next reporting period, the following activities are planned:

- 1. Continue to provide training to University Design Leads on the Design Standards required for future University projects.
- 2. Further develop and document post construction BMP inspections to ensure they are being maintained and functioning as designed.
- 3. Maintain an updated inventory of storm water BMPs (Appendix F)

BMP: Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping

Parking Lot, Parking Deck Cleaning Program

Facility Management's Landscape Services utilizes street sweepers on a daily basis to address the removal of accumulated debris (850 yd ³) from parking lots, parking decks, streets, pedestrian walkways and sidewalks. Landscape Services provides daily inspections of streets, street drains and curbs. During fall and winter months, Landscape Services removes leaves and other debris on a daily basis throughout campus. Landscape Services also incorporates the use of a large vacuum that allows the landscape debris, which is harvested on campus grounds, to be removed before it is introduced into a storm drain system. Mowers with mulching equipment pulverize leaves, limbs and debris on site which reduces possible storm drain blockage. This process is reduced during the spring and summer months unless storms or high winds cause leaves, limbs and debris to cover our campus grounds and streets; at that point we use the same procedures as the fall and winter removal. This system not only reduces the problem of storm drain blockage, but allows AU to compost the harvested material and eventually incorporate it back into campus landscape.

Storm Water Conveyance System Cleaning Program

Auburn University Landscape Services inspects all storm water conveyance outfalls routinely throughout the year. This is done after each heavy rain or storm activity. If any large limbs, trees, or debris are blocking the area, the blockage is removed as quickly as possible. Streamside maintenance to include invasive plant removal continues and allows better accessibility to Parkerson Mill Creek. On-going efforts to remove invasive vegetative species and replace with native species have further enhanced Parkerson Mill Creek. Throughout this reporting period, Landscape Services calculated the removal of approximately 325 yd ³of landscape debris.

Integrated Pest Management

All areas maintained on campus have a four-tiered management system, however all areas are not equal in tolerance and /or action thresholds. These thresholds are based on pedestrian traffic, tolerance thresholds set down by building occupants and historic importance of an area.

Understanding that over application of chemicals to control pests on campus landscapes can have a detrimental effect to the environment, Facility Management's Landscape Services objective is to survey/monitor selected areas on campus and determine if the thresholds of a pest warrants chemical applications. Incorporation of best management practices such as aeration, fertilization and proper irrigation promote healthy trees, shrubs and turf while reducing the unnecessary level of chemicals applied to the environment.

An estimated 235 acres of AU main campus's premium areas (turf, trees, shrubs and hardscapes) receives targeted IPM application. Leaves on turf and turf clippings are mulched

and/or recycled to reuse on campus. It is estimated that 6500 cubic yards of grass clippings are beneficially reused on campus each year.

Waste Reduction & Recycling

The Waste Reduction and Recycling Department (WRRD) manages all waste contracts on campus and works with faculty, staff, and students on a daily basis to provide easy and convenient recycling to Auburn University.

WRRD manages the Campus Building Recycling program, Game Day Recycling, Recycle Mania, office clean-outs, toner and ink cartridge recycling, indoor/outdoor event trash and recycling bins,



and secure document shredding services. During this reporting period, AU diverted 30% of waste collected from disposal at a landfill. Waste diverted included C/D waste, paper, cardboard, aluminum cans, plastics, steel cans, metals and toner/ink cartridges.



WRRD promoted America Recycles Day (celebrated annually on or around Nov.15th), educating people about the importance of recycling to our economy and environmental wellbeing, and encouraging individuals to commit to learn more about recycling in their community, to consistently and correctly recycle, and to buy products made from recycled content.

Waste reduction and recycling initiatives are also promoted through education and outreach on campus and in the surrounding community.

Outreach initiatives encompass events, including America Recycles Day, and community partnerships, such as the East Alabama Recycling Partnership.

WRRD maintained a contract with Waste Management (WM). WRRD and WM operational staffs attended an annual training on litter prevention, spill clean-up and storm water management. WRRD will continue to conduct this annual training each year for all university and contracted waste and recycling operational staff. This training outlines the steps that both University and contracted staff use to prevent and clean-up hydraulic oil spills.

Spill Prevention Control & Countermeasure (SPCC) Program

Auburn University maintains compliance efforts consistent with 40 CFR 112 and the University's SPCC Plan. The SPCC Plan addresses the University's program to manage oil and other petroleum products defined by 40 CFR 112.7(2) and 40 CFR 112.7(4). This includes the management of fuel oils, gasoline, lubricating oils, hydraulic and dielectric fluids as they are utilized and stored on Auburn University's main campus. The University inspects all applicable containers (fuel tanks, generators, elevators and drums) monthly and all transformers annually. These routine inspections evaluate the condition of the containers to ensure proper functionality and management to prevent releases to the environment.

Applicable SPCC containers	Number of Inspections	Volume of SPCC applicable oil (gallons)
Tanks, Generators, Drums	744	145120
Elevators	1740	21830
Pad Mount Transformers	244	58707
Satellite Equipment	17	3769

Annual training is provided to oil handling personnel employed by Auburn University to promote the objectives of the SPCC Plan, the regulatory responsibility associated with these regulated materials and to address in-house procedures necessary to respond to spills or releases from them. During this reporting period, 176 employees were trained.

Used Oil Recycling Program

Auburn University's Department of Risk Management & Safety and Facilities Management routinely collects and recycles used oil from campus operations. Throughout this reporting period, AU retained the services of Universal Environmental Services, LLC based out of Peachtree City Georgia for removal and recycling of campus generated used oil. Throughout this reporting period, Universal Environmental Services collected 1000 gallons of used oil from campus operations for recycling.

Used Cooking Oil Recycling Program

Auburn University's Dining Services collects and recycles all used cooking oil generated from the University's dining facilities. During this reporting period, approximately 4370 gallons of used cooking oil was collected under contract with Green Earth Options Bio-Fuel.

Chemical Waste Management

Risk Management & Safety promotes proper regulated waste management throughout all campus operations. Regulated waste includes RCRA hazardous waste, universal waste lamps, batteries, pesticides, mercury-containing equipment and electronic waste. Through reoccurring training events, consultations and other marketing strategies, proper management of these

items are promoted. Disposal of these items via solid waste or sanitary sewer is prohibited. Proper container management by the generator is critical to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements and to prevent releases of harmful chemicals to the environment. During this reporting period, a training course entitled "Regulated Waste Management" was finalized and is now offered to campus generators. Additionally, a "Custodial Job Aid" was recently revised and reinforced to aid in-house and contracted custodial staff in better recognizing these regulated wastes and what procedures should be followed should they encountered them while performing their duties.

Measure Specific Evaluation

Throughout this reporting period, the on-going preventative measures taken by multiple groups on campus have removed items that could have been ultimately destined to our local landfill, groundwater and or surface waters. The University promotes waste minimization efforts to include regulated hazardous and non-hazardous wastes, e-waste and construction and demolition waste through reuse and recycling. The University has developed sound practices to manage equipment and operations to minimize releases to the environment and provides training to University and contractual employees on these best management practices. Per the newly issued permit, AU began efforts to inventory "municipal facilities".

Measure specific activities planned for the next reporting period Auburn University will continue to perform and promote sound pollution prevention good housekeeping management practices.

- Provide pollution prevention environmental awareness training to municipal facility personnel.
- 2. Revise and update "municipal facility" inventory.

Monitoring Plan for Pathogen Impairment

The Parkerson Mill Creek Watershed is located in Lee County; the watershed is part of the Chewacla Watershed, in the lower Tallapoosa River Basin. The 9.3 square mile (5,981 acres) watershed contains 21,000 meters (68,500 ft.) of main stem perennial stream and approximately 86,000 meters (282,152 ft.) of tributary stream length. The stream network empties into Chewacla Creek, just south of the H.C. Morgan Water Pollution Control Facility

The watershed includes the City of Auburn, Auburn University and the surrounding areas. The headwaters of Parkerson Mill Creek are approximately 3,000 meters (9,845.5 ft.) in length and are located on the campus of Auburn University.

In 2007, ADEM listed Parkerson Mill Creek as impaired on Alabama's 303(d) List of Impaired Waters for pathogens from point source and non-point sources, primarily urban runoff and storm

sewer connections. As such, Auburn University monitors Parkerson Mill Creek by performing bacteriological analysis through the AU Water Resource Center's Alabama Water Watch (AWW) program. The results of the monitoring effort for this reporting period are contained in Appendix C of this Annual Report.

Appendix A

Construction Site Details

April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020

Project Proj
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Facility
A Equation Center - New Equatrian Teams Support Building & Barn William Marlfett David Johnson GMC BPD A Lett Obj. 3 0 0 5/26/39
17-197 Moore Softbail Complex - New Player Development Building David Bess David Johnson TVS EPTO JA Lett Adams N / A N / A N / A 7/23/20
Advanced Structural Testing Laboratory - New Facility
Lem Morrison Drive - Woods Restoration & Cleanup Of Former Coal Yard Seep Region B-028 Lem Morrison Drive - Woods Restoration & Cleanup Of Former Coal Yard Seep Region B-028 Lem Morrison Drive - Woods Restoration & Cleanup Of Former Coal Yard Seep Region B-028 Lem Morrison Drive - Recreation Field Expansion Seep Region See Region Seep Region Seep Region Seep Region Seep Region See Region Seep Region Seep Region Seep Region Seep Region See Region Seep Region Seep Region Seep Region Seep Region See Region Seep Region Seep Region Seep Region Seep Region See Region Seep Region Seep Region Seep Region Seep Region See
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18-12 Gogue Performing Arts Center - Woodfield Parking Lot Expansion Joshua Conradson Joshua Conradson WBA LBYD Rabren General Courtactors Contractors
18-140 Parkerson MIII Creek - Streambank Erosion Control At Samford Av & Wire Rd Amy Bingham Nicholas Nowlin N/A Hydro Engineering Solutions 18-386 Corner Hall - Northwest Areaway, Exterior Grating System & Concrete Repairs Nicholas Blair Intersection 18-411 College St- Streetscape Improvements Adjacent To Gogue Performing Arts 18-411 College St- Streetscape Improvements Adjacent To Gogue Performing Arts 18-411 Northeast Campus - Utility Expansion 18-481 Northeast Campus - Utility Expansion 18-483 Plainsman Park - Relocation of Existing Utilities Adjacent To Right Field Fence Gregory Forthofer 18-483 Plainsman Park - Relocation of Existing Utilities Adjacent To Right Field Fence Gregory Forthofer 18-490 Unuran Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues 18-60 Duncan Hall Rigram Hal
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19-011 Duncan Hall & Ingram Hall - Investigate & Resolve Water Intrusion Issues George Reese John Hand N/A Rrebs Engineering Rabren General Contractors Construction Contractors Construction Contractors D&J Enterprises D&J
19-016 Auburn Research Park - Infrastructure Expansion Benjamin David Johnson GMC D&L Enterprises D&L Ente
19-016 Auburn Research Park - Infrastructure Expansion Benjamin David Johnson GMC GMC D&J Enterprises D&J Enterprises 25 0 1 9/13/20 19-037 Campus Parking Expansion (Phase I) - West Campus & Hay Fields Benjamin David Johnson N/A L8YD D&J Enterprises D&J Enterprises 5 0 0 10/18/19 19-055 Key Golf Teaching Facility - Putting Green & Practice Ground Renovations Amy Bingham Nicholas Nowlin HNP Landscape N/A Sur-line Sur-line 2 0 0 7/17/19 19-160 Hill Residence Halls - Parking Lots, Asphalt Pavement Patching & Repairs Benjamin David Johnson N/A L8YD D&J Enterprises D&J Enterprises N/A 0 0 7/11/19 19-160 Hill Residence Halls - Parking Lots, Asphalt Pavement Patching & Repairs Benjamin Burmester
19-037 Campus Parking Expansion (Phase I) - West Campus & Hay Fields Senjamin Burmester David Johnson N/A LBYD D&l Enterprises D&l Enterprises 5 0 0 10/18/19 19-095 Key Golf Toaching Facility - Putting Green & Practice Ground Renovations Anny Bingham Nicholas Nowlin HNP Landscape N/A Sur-line 2 0 0 7/17/19 Architecture Anny Bingham Nicholas Nowlin N/A Sur-line 2 0 0 7/11/19 19-160 Hill Residence Halls - Parking Lots, Asphalt Pavement Patching & Repairs Benjamin David Johnson N/A USVD D&l Enterprises D&l Enterprises N / A 0 0 7/11/19
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19-160 Hill Residence Halls - Parking Lots, Asphalt Pavement Patching & Repairs Benjamin Burinester David Johnson N/A LBYD D& Enterprises D& Enterprises N / A 0 0 7/11/19 Burmester
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19-169 Parkerson Mill Creek - New Greenway From Samford Av To New Recreation Benjamin Burjamin
19-188 Auburn Research Park - Demolition Of Agricultural Land & Resource Mgmt Wichola's Blair Julie Rice LBYD Virginia Wrecking 2 0 0 8/22/19 Bullenes
19-249 Biggio Drive - Shared-Use Pathway & Intramural Field House Parking Lot Benjamin David Johnson N/A LBYD IA Lett Adams N/A N/A N/A 4/8/20 Renairs Renairs
19-250 Parkerson Mill Creek - Streambank Restoration Adjacent To Intramural Fields Benjamin David Johnson N/A LBYD Streamline N/A 1 0 0 10/22/19 Burmoster Frivironmental
19-567 College St & Thach Av - Streetscape Improvements & New Traffic Signal System Benjamin Andrew Spurlin Cooper Carry ISVD Risoso Corporation 10 0 0 7/12/20
Blue Marble Phil Duncan Rabren General 2 0 0 Contractors
ARTF Research and Innovation Center (Building 5) Phil Duncan Brasfield & Gorrie 30 0 0
EAMC Building 6 Phil Duncan Rabren General Harmon 26 3 3
ARTF Infrastructure Project Benjamin 19 0 0
Burnester Off Campus Locations
Project # Project Name Design Lead Const. Lead Architect Civil Engineer General Contractor Civil Contractor # of Inspections # of Non-compliant # of Site Runoff Sub Comp Notes
17-231 Peblel Hill - Landscape Plan Philip Johnson David Johnson HNP Landscape N/A Landscape Services, N/A N/A N/A N/A 8/14/19
16-485 North Auburn - New Poultry Science Research Building David Bess Jonathan Tucker Skip Wyatt Warner Brothers W.W. Compton N / A 8/16/19

Appendix B

Policy on Storm Water Management Compliance

April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020

POLICY ON STORMWATER MANAGEMENT COMPLIANCE

I. POLICYSTATEMENT

Auburn University ("The University") shall manage its stormwater in compliance with the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Permit ALR040030 ("The Permit"), or subsequent permits, and the University's Stormwater Management Plan.

II. POLICY PRINCIPLES

A. The University's "Policy on Stormwater Management Compliance" governs the University's Stormwater Management Program. This Policy guides the University in administering the requirements and procedures of the Permit as required of the University and as administered by the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM).

B. Regulatory Background:

- 1. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and ADEM have designated the University as an owner/operator of a Phase II municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4). The EPA's Clean Water Act Phase II Stormwater Regulations (implemented March 2003) require operators of regulated Phase II MS4s to obtain an NPDES permit and to develop a stormwater management program designed to protect water quality and to prevent harmful pollutants in stormwater runoff from being discharged into the MS4.
- 2. The intent of the Clean Water Act Phase II regulations is to reduce adverse impacts to water quality and aquatic habitat by instituting the use of best management practices on sources of stormwater discharges not regulated by other measures. In order to comply with the Clean Water Act Phase II regulations, the University must satisfy six "minimum control measures," including:
 - a. Public Education and Outreach
 - b. Public Participation/Involvement
 - c. Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
 - d. Construction Site Runoff Control
 - e. Post-Construction Stormwater Management
 - f. Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping
 - 3. Parkerson Mill Creek was determined to be "Impaired Water" and consequently placed on the ADEM 303(d) list of impaired and threatened waters ("303(d) list") in 2008 and 2010. Known water quality concerns have been identified as pathogens resulting likely from urban runoff and sewer cross connections. A Total Daily Maximum Load (TMDL) for Parkerson Mill Creek was issued by ADEM in September 2011. Implementation of this stormwater TMDL was addressed in the Permit.

- C. A University Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) has been created and annually updated since 2009. The SWMP was created in compliance with EPA and ADEM requirements as identified in the Permit and in concert with the Campus Master Plan, the Landscape Master Plan and the Policy for Natural Resource Management. The SWMP details the measures that are to be taken to meet the six minimum control measures identified above, identifies the University entity(s) having responsibility towards each measure and the metrics to evaluate their effectiveness.
- D. It is University policy that all stormwater shall be managed in accordance with the SWMP and that all University organizations and non-University organizations operating on University's main campus shall conduct their operations and activities in compliance with this plan.

III. EFFECTIVE DATE

This policy is in affect as of June 15, 2016.

W. APPLICABILITY

This policy applies to all University organizations, as well as all University operations, construction projects, and other campus activities.

V. POLICY MANAGEMENT

Responsible Office: Auburn University Facilities Management

Responsible Executive: Executive Vice President, Auburn University

Responsible Officer: Associate Vice President, Facilities

W. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

303(d) List: List of impaired and threatened waters (stream/river segments, lakes) that the Clean Water Act requires all states to submit for EPA approval every two years on even-numbered years. States identify all waters where required pollution controls are not sufficient to attain or maintain applicable water quality standards, and establish priorities for development of TMDLs based on the severity of the pollution and the sensitivity of the uses to be made of the waters, among other factors. States then provide a long-term plan for completing TMDLs within 8 to 13 years from first listing.

ADEM: Alabama Department of Environmental Management, the governing body responsible for enforcing environmental regulations in the State of Alabama.

Best Management Practices (BMP): Activities or structural improvements that help reduce the quantity and improve the quality of stormwater runoff. BMP include treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage.

Campus Master Plan: As stipulated in the University's "Campus and Capital Projects Planning Policy," the Campus Master Plan "is a physical plan and comprehensive set of policy directives that together provide long-range strategies for the growth and development of the Auburn University campus." The Campus Master Plan is updated periodically, as required, and the Board of Trustees reviews and approves all changes.

<u>Campus Master Plan Land Use Element</u>: The chapter of the Campus Master Plan that establishes formal Land Use Categories and Land Use Area boundaries that define permitted uses for all University Land.

Clean Water Act (CWA): Act passed by the United States Congress to control water pollution, formally called the Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1972 or Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972.

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA): United States agency responsible for protecting human health and the environment.

Executive Facilities Committee: Appointed by the President, a senior group of University Administrators, representing major facility stakeholders, that considers and formulates recommendations for the President, regarding campus facility plans and programs.

Landscape Master Plan (LMP): Developed as a component, or sub-plan, of the Campus Master Plan, the LMP provides prescriptive requirements of a design approach that will guide the University toward implementation and realization of the landscape vision for the Auburn campus. The LMP document aids in defining the project scope of each campus project that affects Auburn University exterior facilities and provides tools designed to ensure that each project is viewed within its larger campus context and contributes to the success of the larger campus landscape.

Master Plan Committee: A representative committee appointed by the President that provides input regarding facilities, planning, transportation planning, land planning, infrastructure, and site development activities. The Committee also provides input on the continuing administration, maintenance, implementation, change, and updating of the Campus Master Plan.

Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4): is a conveyance or system of conveyances owned by a state, city, town, village or other public entity that discharges to waters of the U.S.

Natural Resource Management Area (NR): The Campus Master Plan Land Use Category and Land Use Area, identified on the Campus Master Plan as "NR," that identifies areas of the campus that are designated for natural resource protection and enhancement with limited development potential. NR areas include land located on either side of Parkerson Mill Creek and Town Creek and their tributaries, FEMA 100- year floodplains, wetlands, streams, steep slopes, and critical buffer zones.

NPDES: National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System. The national program for issuing, modifying, revoking, reissuing, terminating, monitoring, and enforcing permits and for imposing and enforcing pretreatment requirements under sections 307, 318, 402, and 405 of the Clean Water Act (CWA).

Parkerson Mill Creek: One of two principal stream systems, including all tributaries and main channel streams, that flows on the University main campus (see appendix 1); a tributary of Chewacla Creek, which flows into the Tallapoosa River.

Parkerson Mill Creek Watershed: Area of land on the University main campus that drains the tributaries, main channel, stream banks, and floodplain of Parkerson Mill Creek (see appendix 1).

Pathogens: Microorganisms that can cause disease in other organisms or in humans, animals, and plants. They may be bacteria, viruses, or parasites and are found in sewage, in runoff from animal farms or rural areas populated with domestic and/or wild animals, and in water used for swimming. Fish and shellfish contaminated by pathogens, or the contaminated water itself, can cause serious illnesses.

Permit: The National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Permit ALR040030 issued to Auburn University.

Policy for Natural Resource Management: University policy that implements the Campus Master Plan Land Use Element as it relates to University Land designated as natural resource protection and enhancement areas with limited development potential, including the protection, enhancement, and restoration of Parkerson Mill Creek, Town Creek, and the tributaries within their watersheds on the main campus.

Stormwater: Runoff occurring when precipitation flows over the ground. Impervious surfaces like driveways, sidewalks, and streets prevent stormwater runoff from naturally soaking into the ground. These discharges often contain pollutants in quantities that could adversely affect water quality. Federal regulations require permits for stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity, construction projects (disturbing one or more acre of land) and MS4s. These permits require controls to reduce the transport of pollutants in storm water to waters of the United States.

Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP): University plan developed for the implementation of NPDES permit requirements.

Stormwater Management Program: University plans, procedures and practices required by EPA and ADEM to obtain NPDES MS4 permit and NPDES construction stormwater permits for construction projects (disturbing one or more acre of land).

Stormwater Pollutant: Chemicals, sediment, trash, disease-carrying organisms, and other contaminants picked up by stormwater as it runs off roofs and roads into rivers, streams and other water bodies. Studies show that stormwater pollution rivals sewage plants and large factories as a source of damaging pollutants in drinking water and at water bodies.

TMDL: Total Maximum Daily Load designates the calculated maximum amount of pollutant that a body of water can receive and still safely meet water quality standards. TMDL= Wasteload Allocation (NPS) + Load Allocation (PS) + Margin of Safety.

Town Creek: One of two principal stream systems, including all tributaries and main channel streams that flow on the University main campus (see appendix 1); a tributary of Chewacla Creek, which flows into the Tallapoosa River.

Town Creek Watershed: Area of land on the Auburn University main campus that drains the tributaries, main channel, stream banks, and floodplain of Town Creek (see appendix 1).

University Land: All land owned or leased by Auburn University.

VIL POLICY PROCEDURES

A. Auburn University Facilities Management ("Facilities Management") will administer this policy on behalf of the University.

- B. The University's Department of Risk Management and Safety is primarily responsible for reporting the University's compliance efforts, maintaining the University's SWMP and facilitating progress with other University groups that have responsibility towards the Permit's overall objective
- C. Facilities Management shall establish a Stormwater Management Committee (SWMC) as a subcommittee of the Master Plan Committee. The SWMC shall:
 - 1. Develop, implement, and maintain a Stormwater Management Program to, comply with the Permit, at a minimum, with a goal to have Parkerson Mill Creek removed from the 303(d) list between 2016 and 2021 consistent with 303d list guidelines;
 - 2. Review and update the SWMP as needed;
 - 3. Develop a checklist to ensure compliance with this policy and the management plans described herein.
- D. The SWMC will include members from the Master Plan Committee as well as additional ad hoc representatives, to include, but not limited to, the Alabama Cooperative Extension System; Athletics Department; Campus Planning; College of Agriculture; College of Sciences and Mathematics; Design and Construction; Housing & Residence Life; Landscape Services; the Office of Risk Management and Safety; the Office of Sustainability; the School of Forestry; and Division of Student Affairs.

VIL SANCTIONS

This Policy serves as the regulatory mechanism to prohibit activities on University Land that would be non-compliant with either the Permit or the Stormwater Program. In the event of non-compliant activity by an organizational unit of the University, the appropriate chain of command will be used to bring the activity back into compliance or cause it to stop. In the event of intentional non-compliant activity by a student(s), the Code of Student Discipline may apply. For intentional non-compliant activities by a University employee(s), progressive discipline measures may apply. For intentional or negligent non-compliant activities resulting from a University Contractor, work stoppage, formal project review, and appropriate corrective actions may apply.

IX. EXCEPTIONS

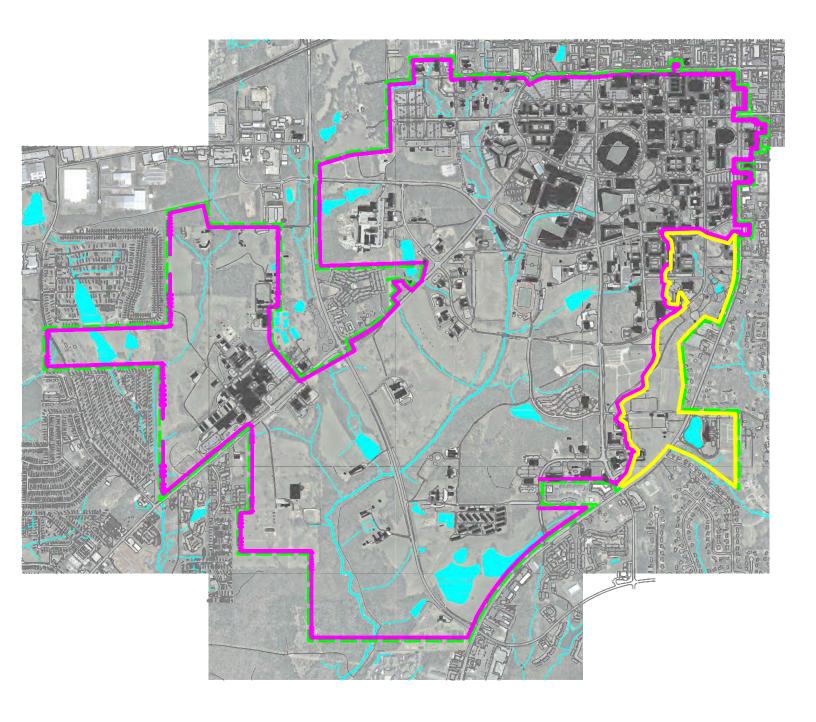
This policy applies to the Auburn University main campus. All other University Land is exempt.

X <u>INTERPRETATION</u>

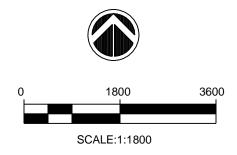
The Responsible Officer is authorized to interpret questions and issues regarding the requirements and applicability of this policy.

ADOPTED: June 15, 2016

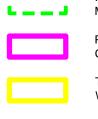
APPENDIX1







LEGEND



AUBURNUNIVERSITY MAINCAMPUSBOUNDARY

PARKERSONMILL CREEKWATERSHED

TOWNCREEK WATERSHED

Appendix C

Parkerson Mill Creek Monitoring Data

April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020

Parkerson Mill Creek Water Quality Monitoring April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020

AWW Site Code	No Code						
Location Description	Wellness Kit	chen T07-14					
Sample Date	air temp °C	water temp °C	E. coli (1)	E. coli (2)	E. coli (3)	Calc Mean	Notes
12-Apr-19	24	NS	2	0	0	66.66666667	
27-Apr-19	23	NS	3	3	0	200	
6-May-19	35	21	3	3	2	266.6666667	First test of summer 2019
14-May-19	15	21	50	70	61	6033.333333	Light suds coming from culvert
30-May-19	35	24	5	3	5	433.3333333	Heavy algae growth and erosion increasing around the mouth of the culvert
12-Jun-19	33	28	3	1	3	233.3333333	
17-Jun-19	38	34	6	6	3	500	Erosion rapidly increasing around mouth of culvert
25-Jun-19	32	26	16	13	17	1533.333333	
1-Jul-19	35	28	19	17	15	1700	
17-Jul-19	35	26	1	1	3	166.6666667	
24-Jul-19	30	26	14	9	16	1300	Continued erosion at mouth of culvert
12-Aug-19	44	25	3	3	N/A	200	
8-Nov-19			1	1	3	166.6666667	
						0	

AWW Site Code	7011036						
Location Description	Biggio Drive	near Coliseum					
Sample Date	air temp °C	water temp °C	E. coli (1)	E. coli (2)	E. coli (3)	Calc Mean	Notes
12-Apr-19	24	NS	13	10	13	1200	
27-Apr-19	24	NS	9	11	6	866.6666667	
6-May-19	35	21	7	1	3	366.6666667	First test of summer 2019
14-May-19	15	21	1	1	2	133.3333333	Clear water with a slight blue/green tint. Dead fish at sampling site.
30-May-19	35	24	5	1	5	366.6666667	clear water with lower depth than usual. Vegitation is increasing.
12-Jun-19	33	28	11	9	10	1000	
17-Jun-19	38	34	4	4	3	366.6666667	Milky substance possibly coming from under Jordan Hare. Water snake
25-Jun-19	32	26	6	4	6	533.3333333	
1-Jul-19	35	28	8	4	5	566.6666667	
17-Jul-19	35	26	0	2	3	166.6666667	
24-Jul-19	30	26	2	0	2	133.3333333	Clay siltation in suspension and deposited throughout the mouth of culvert.
12-Aug-19	44	25	3	8	8	633.3333333	
8-Nov-19	N/A	N/A	0	3	1	133.3333333	

						0	
AWW Site Code	No Code						
Location Description	Farm House						
Sample Date	air temp °C	water temp °C	E. coli (1)	E. coli (2)	E. coli (3)	Calc Mean	Notes
12-Apr-19	22	NS	14	11	21	1533.33	
27-Apr-19	24	NS	3	2	2	233.33	
6-May-19	35	21	8	12	11	1033.33	First test of summer 2019
14-May-19	15	21	9	14	13	1200.00	Clear water
30-May-19	35	24	11	15	10	1200.00	Lower water depth than usual with slight increase in algae growth
12-Jun-19	33	28	7	7	6	667	
17-Jun-19	38	34	6	3	6	500.00	
25-Jun-19	32	26	21	17	19	1900.00	
1-Jul-19	35	28	8	12	15	1166.67	
17-Jul-19	35	26	15	14	12	1366.67	
24-Jul-19	30	26	5	3	3	366.67	
12-Aug-19	44	25	4	6	3	433.33	
8-Nov-19	N/A	N/A	11	9	13	1100.00	

AWW Site Code	7011035						
Location Description	Thach Ave no	ear Rugby Field					
Sample Date	air temp °C	water temp °C	E. coli (1)	E. coli (2)	E. coli (3)	Calc Mean	Notes
4-Apr-19	22	NS	64	52	83	6633.33	
12-Apr-19	23	NS	1	0	2	100.00	
27-Apr-19	24	NS	2	2	0	133.33	
6-May-19	35	21	8	11	9	933.3333333	First test of summer 2019
14-May-19	15	21	35	20	34	2966.666667	Swift moving water with moderate siltation
30-May-19	35	24	24	16	16	1866.666667	Lower water depth than usual
12-Jun-19	33	28	19	17	25	2033.333333	
17-Jun-19	38	34	126	97	140	12100	
25-Jun-19	32	26	7	7	6	666.6666667	
1-Jul-19	35	28	1	1	6	266.6666667	
17-Jul-19	35	26	4	2	3	300	
24-Jul-19	30	26	0	0	0	0	Same heavy red siltation present at coliseum location
12-Aug-19	44	25	3	4	7	466.6666667	
8-Nov-19	N/A	N/A	0	1	1	66.6666667	

AWW Site Code	None						
Location Description	Hot Water Pl	ant III					
Sample Date	air temp °C	water temp °C	E. coli (1)	E. coli (2)	E. coli (3)	Calc Mean	Notes
12-Apr-19	24	NS	6	7	3	533.3333333	
27-Apr-19	24	NS	11	9	7	900	
6-May-19	35	21	36	26	26	2933.333333	(First test of summer 2019) Alge growth present
14-May-19	15	21	34	31	41	3533.333333	Swift moving water with moderate siltation
30-May-19	35	24	3	0	1	133.3333333	Water appeared to be still with moderate to heavy algae growth
12-Jun-19	33	28	11	7	13	1033.333333	
17-Jun-19	38	34	2	2	4	266.6666667	
25-Jun-19	32	26	1	3	1	166.6666667	
1-Jul-19	35	28	6	11	6	766.6666667	
17-Jul-19	35	26	4	2	3	300	
24-Jul-19	30	26	1	1	0	66.6666667	Clear, slow moving water
12-Aug-19	44	25	50	55	48	5100	downstream
9-Nov-19	N/A	N/A	3	3	4	333.3333333	

AWW Site Code Location Description	7007010 Wire Road a	nd Samford Aver	nue				
Sample Date	air temp °C	water temp °C	E. coli (1)	E. coli (2)	E. coli (3)	Calc. Mean	Notes
6-May-19	35	21	61	55	75	6366.666667	(First test of summer 2019) grey cloudy water on upstream side of culvert
14-May-19	15	21	10	10	14	1133.33	siltation
30-May-19	35	24	25	28	16	2300.00	Lower depth than usual
12-Jun-19	33	28	20	19	17	1866.67	
17-Jun-19	38	34	21	18	12	1700.00	
25-Jun-19	32	26	7	13	9	966.67	
1-Jul-19	35	28	61	29	11	3366.67	
17-Jul-19	35	26	10	13	12	1166.67	
24-Jul-19	30	26	6	4	2	400.00	Large bullfrog. Same red sediment but less abundant
12-Aug-19	44	25	59	51	26	4533.33	
8-Nov-19	N/A	N/A	11	9	12	1066.67	

AWW Site Code	None						
Location Description	DEP East						
Sample Date	air temp °C	water temp °C	E. coli (1)	E. coli (2)	E. coli (3)	Calc Mean	Notes
4-Apr-19	NS	NS	24	20	21	2166.666667	
12-Apr-19	NS	NS	224	239	244	23566.66667	
6-Jun-19	NS	NS				300	

AWW Site Code Location Description	None DEP North						
Sample Date	air temp °C	water temp °C	E. coli (1)	E. coli (2)	E.coli (3)	Calc Mean	Notes
4-Apr-19	NS	NS	0	0	0	0	
ANAMAK Cita Cada	None						
AWW Site Code	None						
Location Description	Campus Con						
Sample Date	air temp °C	water temp °C	E. coli (1)	E. coli (2)	E. coli (3)	Calc Mean	Notes
4-Apr-19	NS	NS	76	113	83	9066.666667	
12-Apr-19	NS	NS	0	0	2	66.6666667	
AWW Site Code	No Code						
Location Description	West Magno	olia					
					- " '- '		
Sample Date	air temp °C	water temp °C	E. coli (1)	E. coli (2)	E. coli (3)	Calc Mean	Notes

Appendix D

Storm Water Management Program Plan (SWMPP) & Campus Map

April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020



STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM PLAN

AUBURN UNIVERSITY STORM WATER MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

May 2020

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INTRODUCTION

This Storm Water Management Program Pan (SWMPP) was developed in general accordance with the guidelines provided in Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 122.26(d) incorporated by reference in the Alabama Administrative Code 335-6 as administered by the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) and NPDES ALR040030 Phase II General Permit effective October 1, 2016.

The purpose of this SWMPP is to describe Auburn University and its operation, and identify the Best Management Practices (BMPs) to be utilized to reduce the discharge of pollutants from Auburn University's main campus to the maximum extent practicable (MEP) to protect water quality and to satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the Clean Water Act (CWA).

The Storm Water Committee formed to develop this SWMPP is comprised of individuals from both academic and operational areas of campus. The collaborative effort was strengthened by its diversity and includes the following individuals and their areas of responsibility or interest:

- Dr. Chris Anderson, Forestry & Wildlife Sciences
- Mr. Nicholas Blair, Facilities Management Design Services
- Dr. David Blersch, Biosystems Engineering
- Dr. Eve Brantley, AU CSES, ACES
- Mr. Ben Burmester, Facilities Management Office of University Architect
- Ms. Mona Dominguez, Alabama Water Watch
- Mr. Malcolm Dailey, Facilities Management Utilities & Energy
- Ms. Valerie Friedmann, Architecture Planning & Landscape Architecture
- Ms. Joan Hicken, Facilities Management Waste Reduction & Recycling
- Dr. Thorsten Knappenberger, AU CSES
- Mr. Mike Kensler, Office of Sustainability
- Mr. Dan King, Facilities Management
- Mr. Eric Klypas, Athletics Department Field Management
- Mr. Judd Langham, Facilities Management Office of University Architect
- Ms. Charlene LeBleu, Architecture Planning & Landscape Architecture
- Mr. Glenn Loughridge, Campus Dining

- Mr. Tom McCauley, Risk Management & Safety
- Dr. Chandana Mitra, Department of Geosciences
- Ms. Wendy Peacock, Facilities Management Construction Management
- Mr. Buster Reese, Facilities Management, Design Services
- Dr. Puneet Srivastava, Water Resource Center
- Ms. Amy Strickland, Office of Sustainability
- Mr. Justin Sutton, Facilities Management Landscape Services
- Mr. William Walker, Campus Dining
- Dr. Amy Wright, Department of Horticulture

Objective

The primary goal of the developed SWMPP is to improve the quality of surface waters at Auburn University by reducing the amount pollutants contained in storm water runoff to a maximum extent practicable (MEP). Auburn University will seek to reduce the pollutants from entering storm water runoff through the implementation of best management practices. The SWMPP will describe the minimum best management practices to be implemented by Auburn University and as required by ADEM General Permit ALR040030 (effective date October 1, 2016).

1.1 MS4 Description

Auburn University is a large land grant educational institution located in Auburn, Lee County, Alabama comprised of approximately 1800 acres of contiguous property. Auburn University is one of the major liberal arts and science universities in the southeast. The area surrounding Auburn University consists of residential property to the east and southeast, agricultural property to the southwest and west and urban city property to the north and east.

1.2 Definitions

ADEM: Alabama Department of Environmental Management responsible for enforcing environmental regulations in the State of Alabama.

Best Management Practices (BMP): may include schedule of activities, prohibition of

practices, maintenance procedures or other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of Waters of the State. BMPs also include treatment requirements, operating procedures and practices both structural and non-structural designed to control runoff,

spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal or drainage from raw material storage.

Clean Water Act (CWA): The Clean Water Act is an Act passed by U.S. Congress to control water pollution. It is formally referred to as the Federal Water Pollution Control Act

of 1972 or Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972.

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): A codification of the final rules published daily in

the Federal Register. Title 40 of the CFR contains the environmental regulations.

Composite Sample: A sample collected with consideration giving towards flow and time.

Control Measure: any Best Management Practice or other method used to prevent or

reduce the discharge of pollutants to Waters of the State.

Discharge: when used without a qualifier, refers to "discharge of pollutant" as defined as

ADEM Admin Code 335-6-6-.02(m)

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency

Grab Sample: A sample that is taken on a one-time basis without consideration of the

flow rate of the sampling media and without consideration of time.

Green Infrastructure: refers to systems and practices that use or mimic natural

processes to infiltrate, evapotranspiration (the return of water to the atmosphere either

through evaporation or by plants), or reuse storm water or runoff on the site where it is

generated.

Illicit Connection: any man made conveyance connecting an illicit discharge directly to

municipal separate storm sewer (MS4)

Illicit Discharge: defined at 40 CFR 122.26(b)(2) and refers to any discharge to a

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municipal separate storm sewer (MS4) that is not entirely composed of storm water.

except those discharges authorized or excluded under an NPDES permit.

Low Impact Development (LID): an approach to land development (or redevelopment)

that works with nature to manage storm water as close to its source as possible. LID

employs principles such as preserving and recreating natural landscape features,

minimizing effective imperviousness to create functional and appealing site drainage that

treat storm water as a resource rather than a waste product.

Maximum Extent Practicable (MEP): the technology based discharge standard for

municipal separate storm sewer systems to reduce pollutants in storm water discharges

that was established by the Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 402(p). A discussion of MEP

as it applies to small MS4s like Auburn University is found at 40 CFR 122.34

Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4): A conveyance or system of

conveyances (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins,

curbs, gutters, ditches, manmade channels, or storm ditches) owned or operated by a

state, city, town or other public body having jurisdiction over the collection and conveyance

of storm water which is not a combined sewer and which is not part of a publicly owned

treatment works.

Notice of Intent (NOI): the mechanism used to "register" for coverage under a General

Permit.

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES): The national program for

issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, terminating, monitoring and enforcing permits

and imposing and enforcing pretreatment requirements under Section 307, 318, 402 and

405 of the CWA.

Permit: NPDES ALR040030 issued to Auburn University & became effective October 1,

2016.

Permittee: Auburn University

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Priority Construction Site: any qualifying construction site in an area where the MS4 discharges to a waterbody which is listed on the most recently approved 303d list of impaired waters for turbidity, siltation or sedimentation, any waterbody for which a TMDL has been finalized or approved by EPA for turbidity, siltation or sedimentation, any waterbody assigned the Outstanding Alabama Water use classification in accordance with ADEM Admin Code 335-6-10-.09 and any waterbody assigned a special designation in accordance with 335-6-10-.10

Storm water: defined at 40 CFR 122.26(b)(13) storm water runoff, surface runoff and drainage

Storm Water Management Program Plan (SWMPP): A plan developed for implementation of NPDES permit requirements.

Waters of the State: All waters that are currently used, were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce. Waters of the State include bat are not limited to all interstate waters and interstate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sand flats, wetlands, sloughs, play lakes or naturals ponds.

REGULATORY MECHANISM

Auburn University utilizes the Policy on Storm Water Management Compliance as the regulatory mechanism to prohibit activities on University Land that would be non-compliant with either the Permit or the SWMPP. Auburn University Facilities

Management is the responsible for administering the Policy on behalf of the University.

Policy on Storm Water Management Compliance

CONTROL MEASURES

Storm water management controls or BMPs will be implemented to prevent pollution in storm water discharges from Auburn University's main campus. The Permit requires BMPs addressing five minimum control measures to be part of the SWMPP. These BMPs

are described in the remaining subsections of this section with applicable measureable goals and scheduled implementation dates for each BMP.

The five control measures addressed by this SWMPP include:

- 2.1 Public Education and Public Involvement on Storm Water Impacts
- 2.2 Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
- 2.3 Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control
- 2.4 Post Construction Storm Water Management in New and Redevelopment
- 2.5 Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping for Municipal Operations

2.1 Public Education and Public Involvement on Storm Water Impacts

An informed and knowledgeable "community" at Auburn University will be an important factor in the success of this SWMPP to reach its goal of reducing the discharge of pollutants associated with storm water runoff. The effective implementation of this measure will help Auburn University to ensure:

- Greater awareness to the University community of the importance of managing discharges to local receiving waters;
- Greater support from the University community for the storm water management program; and
- Greater compliance with the requirements of the General NPDES Permit.

The Public Education and Public Involvement on Storm Water Impacts control measure consists of BMPs that focus on the development of educational materials and efforts designed to inform the public about the impacts that storm water discharges have on local water bodies and to foster community partnerships that provide opportunities for stakeholders to learn more about storm water practices and policies, demonstration projects and assessments of local water quality.

Educational materials, activities and partnerships will be designed to engage the public to better understand the impacts of storm water pollution, local MS4 efforts as well as to highlight and support measures to reduce the introduction of pollutants in storm water. The measure is expected to reach the constituents within the MS4s permitted boundary

(Auburn University's main campus). An emphasis of these outreach efforts will be towards the removal of known pollutants from storm water to include floatables, pathogens and sediment.

A plan for effectively engaging in Public Education and Public Involvement on Storm Water Impacts is presented below as required by the Permit.

Target Audience

Auburn University has a unique opportunity to reach several distinct target audiences throughout the year. These audiences include Auburn University faculty and staff, students, parents of students, visitors, contractors on campus, and surrounding community stakeholders.

Pollutants of Concern

Primary storm water pollutants of concern for Auburn University include pathogens as listed on the 2010 303(d) list for Parkerson Mill Creek, floatables i.e. litter from improper trash disposal, and sediment from land disturbing activities and in-stream erosion processes.

Communication Mechanisms

Communication of storm water pollution prevention principles will include the following mechanisms AU web sites, interactive campus storm water BMP tour, AU Daily electronic bulletin that reaches the entire student body and all Auburn University employees, representation at quarterly ALOAS meetings, inclusion of storm water and stream information on signage in strategical locations on campus, presentations to student and watershed organizations, continued participation in university-led activities such as Earth Day, Arboretum Game Day events, Adopt a Spot clean up events, student service events (i.e. Big Event, IMPACT) and various social medial platforms such as Facebook and Twitter.

Responsible Parties

The Public Education and Outreach measure development and implementation will be overseen by a partnership between the University Water Resources Center, the Office of Sustainability and the Department of Risk Management and Safety (RMS).

Measurable Outcomes and Evaluation

Effectiveness of the activities related to this measure will be measured through:

- Number of presentations delivered various AU programs will provide at a minimum of four presentations specific to storm water management annually.
- 2. RMS maintains the central electronic resource (webpage) to serve as primary reference site for the updated University SWMPP. RMS-Stormwater
- Quantify the number of individuals reached through University led activities
 throughout each reporting cycle. Audience includes students, staff, employees
 and visitors to Auburn University and is targeted at 2500 individuals each
 reporting cycle.
- 4. Number of university led PMC cleanup efforts. AU aims to promote 3-4 cleanup events throughout each reporting cycle.
- 5. Documented attendance to quarterly ALOAS citizen advisory meetings.
- 6. Continued attendance, partnership, or participation in Alabama Water Watch monitoring workshops, Alabama Storm Water Association (ASA) meetings.
- 7. Continued installation of storm drain markers on all inlets located on campus.

2.2 Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

Per the Permit, an Illicit discharges is defined at 40 CFR Part 122.26(b)(2) and refers to "any discharge to an MS4 (municipal separate storm sewer system) that is not composed entirely of storm water ..." Exceptions include NPDES permitted discharges and discharges resulting from fire-fighting activities. Some examples of illicit discharges include: sanitary wastewater, effluent from septic tanks, car wash wastewaters, improper oil disposal, and radiator flushing disposal, laundry wastewaters, and spills from roadway accidents, and swimming pool discharges (that have not been de-chlorinated). These illicit discharges can enter a storm drain system either through a direct connection (e.g., a pipe connected directly to the storm drain) or indirectly (e.g., spills, dumped chemicals, cracks in sanitary sewers). As a result, inadequately treated wastes containing high

levels of pollutants, such as heavy metals, oil and grease, toxics, viruses, and bacteria, are discharged to receiving waters. The next subsections describe Auburn University's current program to detect and eliminate both direct and indirect illicit discharges into the storm drain system and associated plans for the permit term.

Regulations require identification and elimination of all non-storm water discharges and appropriate responses to protect the campus community and the environment. Auburn University relies upon multiple methods to identify illicit discharges as quickly as possible. All potential illicit discharges should be reported to Auburn University Risk Management and Safety upon discovery. Discovery and reporting methods include reports conveyed from the campus community to the University's Facilities Division by dialing 844-HELP, by utilizing the electronic reporting feature known as "Ask Facilities" or by contacting RMS at 844-4870. Reports might originate from faculty, staff, students, or campus visitors. In particular, AU staff with specific training on illicit discharge identification will increase the probability of proper and timely reporting.

Investigation of illicit discharges will commence as soon as practicable but always within 5 working days of the initial discovery or report. Investigation and mitigation measures are implemented upon detection to identify possible source(s) of illicit discharges and to either prevent or reduce adverse impacts to storm water runoff and the environment. A written report will be prepared to document each illicit discharge investigation. Reports will include the nature of the discharge, possible sources, mitigation or cleanup measures implemented, any steps taken to prevent similar discharges in the future, and documentation of any ADEM reporting required.

Target Audience

Auburn University has a unique opportunity to reach several distinct target audiences throughout the year. These audiences include Auburn University faculty and staff, students, parents of students, visitors, contractors on campus, and surrounding community stakeholders.

Responsible Parties

The Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination measure development and implementation will be overseen by a partnership between the Auburn University Facilities Management Facility Operations, RMS and the University Water Resource Center.

Measurable Outcomes and Evaluation

- Update map of all campus storm water outfalls. As required by Section III(b)(i) of the Permit, Auburn University will provide annual updates of the map to ADEM by May 31st each year.
- Promote illicit discharge detection and elimination program in annual training efforts. A minimum of four presentations to include principles of the IDDE program will be provided to campus entities annually.
- Continue bacteriological monitoring to identify possible sources of impairment.
- 4. Perform and document routine outfall field inspections. Evaluate all outfalls to PMC annually.
- 5. Continue to investigate and prioritize repair or replacement of suspect infrastructure.
- 6. Evaluate IDDE Standard Operating Procedure (SOP).

Auburn University Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Standard Operating Procedure

- 1. Purpose of Standard Operating Procedure:
- A. To improve the quality of surface water and ground water within the watershed areas owned and maintained by Auburn University by preventing illicit discharges and illicit connections.
- B. To prevent the discharge of contaminated storm water runoff from Auburn University properties and operations into the storm drainage system and Parkerson Mill Creek.
- C. To comply with the requirements of Auburn University storm water permit.

D. To comply with all United States Environmental Protection Agency and State laws applicable to storm water discharges.

2. Definitions

An Illicit Discharge is the discharge of pollutants or non-storm water materials to the storm drainage system via overland flow or direct dumping of materials into a catch basin or inlet. Examples of illicit discharges include overland drainage from car washing or cleaning paint brushes in or around a catch basin.

An Illicit Connection is the discharge of pollutants or non-storm water materials into the storm drainage system via a pipe or other direct connection. Sources of illicit connections may include sanitary sewer taps, wash water from laundry facilities, wash water from sinks, or other similar sources.

3. Illicit Discharges

No University employee, student, visitor, contractor, department, or unit shall cause or allow discharges into the Auburn University storm drainage system which are not composed entirely of storm water, except for the allowed discharges listed in Section 5.

Prohibited discharges include but are not limited to: oil, anti-freeze, grease, chemicals, wash water, paint, animal waste, garbage, and litter.

4. Illicit Connections

The following connections are prohibited, except as provided in Section 5 below: Any drain or conveyance, whether on the surface or subsurface, which allows any non-storm water discharge, including but not limited to sewage, process water, waste water, or wash water, to enter the storm water drainage system, and any connections to the storm drain system from indoor drains or sinks.

5. Allowed Discharges

The following discharges to the storm drainage system are allowed:

A. Discharges that are specifically permitted under a State or federal storm water program.

B. Incidental non-storm water discharges which do not significantly contribute to the pollution of Auburn University surface waters and are limited to the following:

- Water line flushing
- Reclaimed water line flushing
- Landscape irrigation, including but not limited to reclaimed water
- Diverted stream flows

- Rising groundwater
- Uncontaminated groundwater infiltration
- Uncontaminated pumped groundwater
- Discharges from potable water sources
- Foundation drains
- Air conditioning condensate (that does not contain biocide)
- Springs
- Water from crawl space pumps
- Footing drains
- Flows from riparian buffers and wetlands
- De-chlorinated swimming pool discharges
- Flows from emergency firefighting
- Building wash water without detergents, cleaners, or corrosive additives.
- C. In the event that Auburn University determines that any of the above discharges contribute to pollution of campus streams or other surface waters or is notified by a State or federal government agency, such as the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, that the discharge must cease, Auburn University will instruct the responsible person to cease the discharge.
- D. When instructed to cease the discharge, the discharger of substances newly classified as pollutants shall cease the discharge immediately and be given reasonable time to make corrections so that the discharge will not continue into the future.
- E. Nothing in this SOP shall affect a discharger's responsibilities under federal or State law.
- 6. Enforcement and Penalties
- A. Whenever Auburn University finds that a violation of this SOP has occurred; Auburn University may order compliance by written notice to the responsible person. Such notice may require without limitation:
- i. The performance of monitoring, analyses, and reporting;
- ii. The elimination of prohibited discharges or connections;
- iii. Cessation of any violating discharges, practices, or operations;

- iv. The abatement or remediation of storm water pollution or contamination hazards and the restoration of any affected property;
- v. Payment of any fee, penalty, or fine assessed against Auburn University to cover remediation cost;
- vi. The implementation of new storm water management practices; and
- vii. Disciplinary action up to and including dismissal, where appropriate.
- B. Such notification shall set forth the nature of the violation(s) and establish a time limit for correction of these violation(s). Said notice may further advise that, if applicable, should the violator fail to take the required action within the established deadline, then Auburn University Department of Risk Management & Safety will initiate work orders for the appropriate corrective actions and the individual or University department will be charged for the cost.
- 7. Dry weather outfall inspection and monitoring

Auburn University shall, at a minimum, visually inspect PMC outfalls annually during dry weather conditions. Flows suspected of containing illicit discharges due to the presence of odors, colors or sheens shall be investigated. Investigation may include water chemistry field testing and/or bacteriological sampling and will be dependent upon the characteristics of the observed discharge. Investigations will involve Facilities Management Utility & Energy resources to trace source of suspect illicit discharge. Upon source discovery, measures will be implemented to cease discharge immediately as possible. Should immediate cessation not be practicable, a schedule will be developed. Should the source of discharge be determined to originate off campus, the MS4 community having jurisdiction will be notified within 24 hours as well as the Department. The physical condition of the outfall shall also be noted during the inspections. Compromised outfall structures requiring maintenance will be documented with a work order to correct noted deficiency submitted within 24 hours of its discovery.

8. Promote Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination SOP
Promotion of this SOP shall be presented to Auburn University community via
multiple methods to include but not limited to personnel training and web media.

2.3 Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control

In accordance with Part III (B) (4) of NPDES Permit No ALR040030, Auburn University developed the Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control Best Management Practice.

Target Audience

The Construction Site Runoff Control Program was developed for the contractors performing construction activities on campus and to assist AU Facilities Management personnel responsible for managing development on campus. Auburn University has a unique opportunity to reach several distinct target audiences throughout the year. These audiences include Auburn University faculty and staff, students, parents of students, visitors, contractors on campus, and surrounding community stakeholders.

Responsible Parties

Auburn University's Facilities Management is responsible for all construction projects on campus and implementation of this measure.

Auburn University Design and Construction Standards serve as the University's regulatory mechanism for the Construction Storm Water Control Program and were recently revised to strengthen the storm water management efforts on all University construction sites including the following sections.

Section G10 – Site Preparation

http://www.auburn.edu/administration/facilities/contractors/design-const-standards.html

Section G10 of the Design and Construction Standards was modified to provide the Contractor a contractual responsibility to meet the objectives of the General NPDES Permit. This section requires that the Contractor:

- Meet the requirements outlined in the Alabama Handbook for Erosion and Sediment Control and Storm Water Management of Construction Sites and Urban Areas and the ALOA developed Erosion and Sediment Control Policy.
- Demonstrate compliance with the ADEM registration requirements prior to initiating any earthwork at the site.

 Require turbidity monitoring at specified construction sites to ensure that site runoff not result in an increase of 50 NTU turbidity standards.

Auburn University will conduct routine turbidity monitoring at specified sites to determine the effectiveness of the on-site controls design, installation and maintenance. Construction contracts administered by Facilities Management further identify the procedures that will be taken by the Auburn University should NPDES non-compliance be identified to include withholding payment and notification to ADEM.

Measurable Outcomes and Evaluation

- 1. Continue turbidity monitoring program for new projects.
- 2. Perform annual training for contractors, designers and project managers to better understand the G10 requirements.

2.5 Post Construction Runoff Control

The post construction runoff control measure is designed to ensure that new construction designs do not result in increased storm water pollution.

Development can alter landscapes by increasing impervious areas (i.e. roofs, driveways, parking lots) and changing drainage patterns, thereby increasing the storm water rate, volume and velocity of runoff from a site. This can lead to degradation of receiving waters and increases in the occurrence of flooding. Storm water from developed impervious areas can also contain a variety of pollutants that are detrimental to water quality, such as sediment, nutrients, heavy metals, pathogenic bacteria, and petroleum hydrocarbons.

The goal of post-construction storm water management is "to reduce runoff volume and improve water quality by replicating the natural hydrology and water balance of the site, based on historical conditions and undeveloped ecosystems in the region." LEED v4 Our intention is to develop storm water management designs in a manner best replicating natural site hydrology processes. New projects on campus shall address water quality and

quantity impacts early in the design process to provide long-term water quality benefits. The implementation of Green infrastructure BMP designs that reduce impervious surfaces, provide water filtering services and encourage infiltration is preferred. New projects offer many opportunities to reduce storm water runoff from the site.

To meet the requirements of Part III B5 of the Permit, Auburn University developed a Campus Landscape Master Plan (CLMP) as part of the overall Comprehensive Campus Master Plan. The Master Plan is approved by the Board of Trustees and serves as the mechanism to ensure that the objectives of the CLMP are achieved. The CLMP embraces a sustainable environment, including an emphasis on Low Impact Development and Green Infrastructure approaches to storm water management that incorporate best management practices for maintenance and implementation schedules, as well as campus watershed restoration opportunities.

The Design and Construction Standards performance requirements state a project is to not increase peak storm water flows for the 2, 5, 10, and 25 year storm events as well as provide water quality treatment for the first 1.2 inches of rainfall with an 80 percent Total Suspended Solids (TSS) reduction goal. Projects are also encouraged to reduce overall storm water runoff volume by reducing impervious cover campus wide and promotion of infiltration.

Responsible Parties

Auburn University's Facilities Management is responsible for the implementation of the CLMP and implementation of this measure.

Measurable Outcomes and Evaluation

- Provide training to AU Design Leads, maintenance personnel, and others on AU storm water management preferences, updated Design Standards / Post Construction Storm Water Manual.
- 2. All new and redeveloped AU properties shall develop a storm water management plan to comply with the Design and Construction Standards. A report documenting the implementation or consideration of Low Impact

Development and Green Infrastructure shall be reviewed per the Post Construction Storm water Manual by Facilities Management.

2.6 Pollution Prevention / Good Housekeeping for Municipal Operations

Efforts to survey University activities and facilities will continue. These surveys focus on the storage of materials at the variety of areas managed by Facilities Management, Auxiliary Operations, various academic departments and AU Athletic Department.

Part III.B.5.a. of the Permit requires Auburn University to inventory "municipal facilities" including municipal facilities that have a potential to discharge pollutants via storm water runoff, develop strategies to reduce litter, floatables and debris from entering the storm sewer system from these facilities, develop SOPs detailing good housekeeping practices to be employed at the appropriate municipal facilities, develop an inspection program to evaluate these operations and to develop a good housekeeping training program for municipal facility staff as outlined in the SOP.

Inventory of Municipal Operations

Facilities	Chilled Water Plant 1	Chilled Water Plant 2	District Energy Plant	
Management HQ				
Chilled Water Plant 3	Hot Water Plant 1	Hot Water Plant 2	Satellite Steam Plant	
Coliseum Steam	44kV Substation	115 kV Substation	Plainsman Park	
Plant				
Equestrian Center	Jordan Hare Stadium	Soccer Complex	Jane B. Moore Field	
Hutsell-Rosen Track	Student Ctr. Dinning	Auburn Arena	Intramural Rec Fields	
Terrell Dining	Foy Union Dining	Village Dining	Environmental Health	
			& Safety Facility	
Housing & Residence	Campus Parking	Campus Roads	Co-fired Combustor	
Life HQ	Lots / Decks			

Measureable Outcomes & Evaluation:

- 1. Quantify the amount of floatable materials collected as a result of the successful implementation of the BMPs at these municipal facilities.
- 2. Quantify the number of "municipal facility" inspections performed.
- 3. Provide pollution prevention annual training to municipal facility personnel.
- 4. Revise and update "municipal facility" inventory annually.

BMP Development & Implementation Schedule:

1. Development of SOP for municipal facilities by March 31, 2021. SOP will include inspection frequencies and documentation mechanism.

Responsible Department:

Auburn University RMS & Facilities Management

Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Program

AU RMS has developed and maintains the campus SPCC Plan. The Plan calls for the proper storage and management of oil containing equipment. The SPCC Plan identifies the procedures to be followed to regularly (monthly) inspect applicable containers and instructs "oil handling personnel" on the appropriate measures to take in the event of a spill.

Measurable Outcomes and Evaluation:

- 1. Document the number of inspections performed on regulated storage units on an annual basis (SPCC).
- 2. Document the number of preventive maintenance procedures performed on tanks, valves, pumps, pipes, and other equipment.
- 3. Document the number of training presentations performed and the number of employees trained annually.
- 4. Document the annual volume of used oil managed by AU.

Responsible Department:

AU RMS & Facilities Management

Monitoring Plan for Pathogen Impairment

In accordance with Part V of the Permit, AU will continue to evaluate Parkerson Mill Creek (PMC) Watershed for its pathogen impairment. PMC is located in Lee County; the watershed is part of the Chewacla Watershed, in the lower Tallapoosa River Basin. The 9.3 square mile (5,981 acres) watershed contains 21,000 meters (68,500 ft.) of main stem perennial stream and approximately 86,000 meters (282,152 ft.) of tributary stream length. The stream network empties into Chewacla Creek, just south of the H.C. Morgan Water Pollution Control Facility

The watershed includes the City of Auburn, Auburn University and the surrounding areas. The headwaters of PMC are approximately 3,000 meters (9,845.5 ft.) in length and are located on the campus of Auburn University. In 2007, ADEM listed PMC as impaired on Alabama's 303(d) List of Impaired Waters for pathogens from point source and non-point sources, primarily urban runoff and storm sewer connections. As such, AU monitors PMC by performing bacteriological analysis through the AU Water Resource Center's Alabama Water Watch (AWW) program. The results of the monitoring effort will be reported with the submission of the annual report. Collaboration with the City of Auburn will continue as both entities contain and have influence to this watershed.

REVIEW AND UPDATING SWMPP

AU will review the SWMPP annually in conjunction with the preparation of the annual report required under Part IV, Section B of the General Permit.

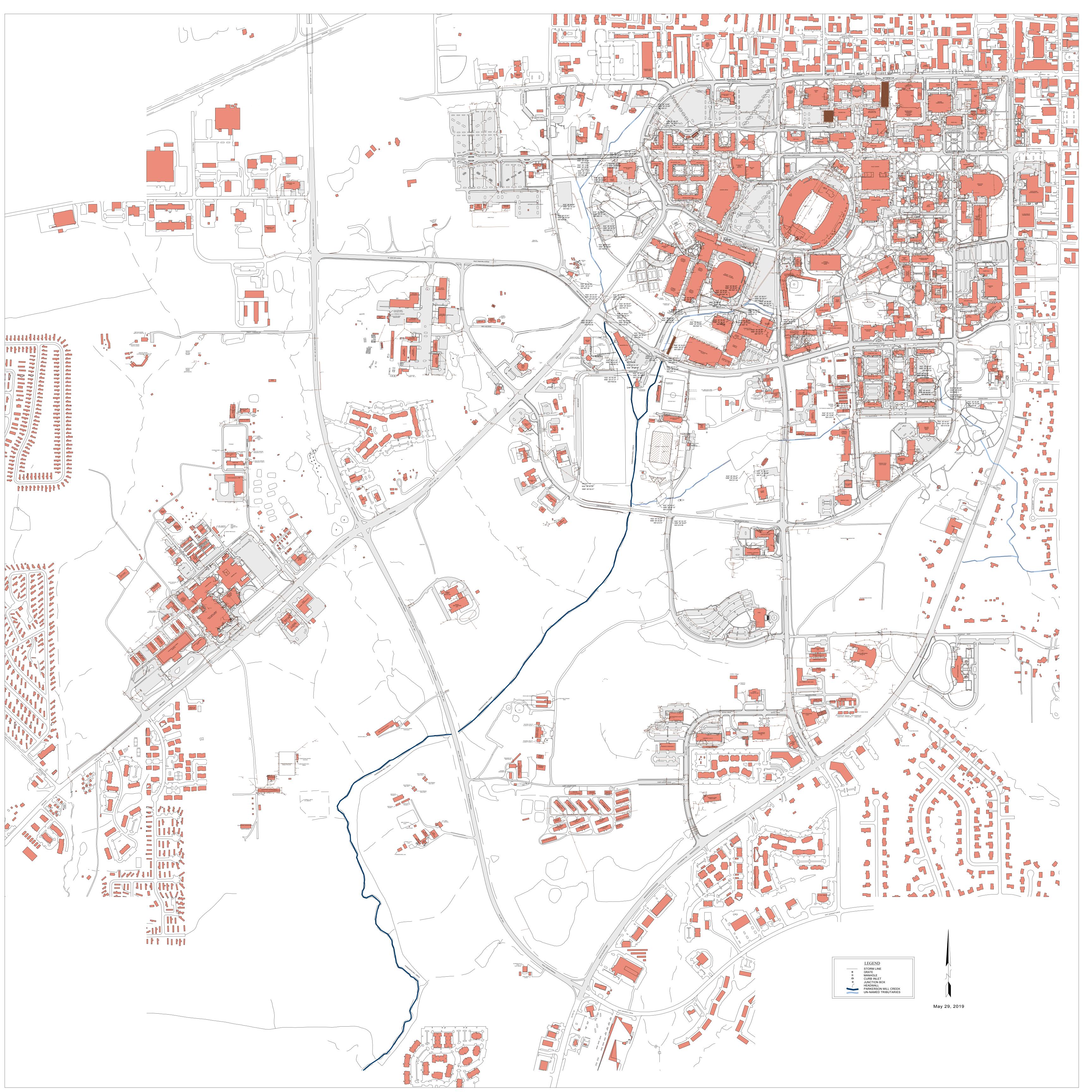
The annual report will be submitted to the ADEM for each year of the permit term. Reports are due to ADEM by May 31st of each year and will cover activities for the previous reporting period (April 1- March 31).

The reports consist of:

- Compliance status including:
 - Assessment of the appropriateness of the BMPs
 - Progress towards achieving statutory goals of reducing the discharge of pollutants and protecting water quality

- o Measurable goals for each of the minimum control measures
- Results of information collected and analyzed, if any, during the reporting period.
- Any changes made to the SWMPP since the last annual report and a summary of the storm water activities AU plans to initiate during the next reporting cycle.
- Proposed changes to the SWMPP
- Description and schedule for implementation of additional BMPs that may be necessary based on monitoring results.
- Monitoring data

Annual reports are signed by Mr. Tom McCauley, Environmental Programs Manager Department of Risk Management and Safety and the Storm Water Executive Committee.



Appendix E

Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination Details

Dry Weather Screening ORI Field Sheets

April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020

		harge Detectio		Samples Y/N	Corrective Managers Taken
ite	Location	Observation	Contaminant	Samples 1/10	Corrective Measures Taken
					High e-coli counts from previous
					weekly tests. Notified the City of
					Auburn . Collected samples from
					upstream storm sewer locations
4/16/2019	Thach at Farm House	nutrient rich appearance no odor	possibly sewage	Υ	did not reveal source
		equipment containing oil was			
		disposed of by a contractor			
		performing work at Haley Center. ~2 gallons of oil leaked from			oil dry applied to affected area b
		container and onto area around			contractor and disposed of
6/11/2019	Haley Center Loading dock	rolloff.	hydraulic oil	N	appropriately.
0/11/2013	Tracy center Louding dock	Tonom:	nyuruune on		арргориалегу.
					Evaluation of on-site constructio
6/17/2019	PMC at coliseum	heavy sediment load in PMC	suspended sediment	N	sites revealed no obvious source
		-	·		
					RMS retrieved container from
					roadway. Herbicide had already
					soaked into and stained roadway
					Remaining contents managed as
					waste through RMS. Container
		container apparently had fallen			determined to originate from of
6/27/2010	Danahua () Lamamaniana	from truck and was actively	TC		campus commercial vehicle
6/2//2019	Donahue & Lem morrison	spilling contents onto roadway.	TruGreen Herbicide	N	passing through campus. contractor vehicle lost ~15-20
					gallons of hydraulic oil onto
					Duncan Drive between Allison
					Hall and Forestry & Wildlife
					Sciences building. Oil was
					contained on road way and was
					not allowed to enter storm drain
					in the affected area. Oil dry and
					sand were applied to area by
		Leaking hydraulic line from D&J			contrctor and swept up the
7/26/2019	Duncan Drive	equipment	hydraulic oil	N	following day.
					researcher placed autoclaved
					waste into dumpster per training
					however, the bag ripped at some
					point spilling its contents (pipettes) which created the
					perception of improper waste
					disposal. RMS investigation
					confirmed pipettes were
					autoclaved and properly
					disposaed as solid waste. A
					custodial job aid will be
		custodialstaff identified pipettes			promoted to the new vender
7/26/2019	Kinesiology Building	in dumpster	autoclaved biohazardo	N	(ASB).
		motor oil leaked from vehicle			
	Parking area between Leach and	onto parking are between			AFD applied foam, RMS applied
7/30/2019	North Donahue dorms	buildings	motor oil	N	vermiculite before disposal
					utility repaired made, minimal
		1		I	(<100 gal) sewage released to
					1
					ground surface. The imapacted ground surface was subsequentl

				I	T
					Contacted the City of Auburn
					Water Division (Michael
					Thompson & Marla Smith). The
					line is maintained by the City and
	Wire & West Magnolia @ Sigma	sewage release to unnamed			repairs will be made to cease the
8/13/2019	Nu	tributary of PMC	sewage	N	release followed by CCTV.
					Confirmed with David Howell of
		blue/green water from broken			Utilities and Energy. Release
8/13/2019	Allison Hall	chilled water line	dyed water	N	stopped
					Alex Hedgepath to followup with
					contactor to respond accordingly
					to clean up released
		contractor equipment			material.Charcoal added to sod
		responsible for the release of ~ 2			area and detergent cleanup
0/40/2040	Carrier Danfarrier Anta (CDAC)	gallons hydraulic oil to the	L 1	.	protocol initiated to pavement
8/19/2019	Gogue Perfoming Arts (GPAC)	pavement/sod area.	hydraulic oil	N	Site personnel to clean up
					sediment from roadways and
					repair damaged control
					measures. Nicholas Nowlin, AU
					Project Manager to meet 8/21
					with site personnel to discuss the
		sediment loss at site due to high			need additional BMPS at this
8/20/2019	Advanced Structural Testing Lab	intensity (1.5") rain event	sediment	N	location.
	5				
					detergent suds were observed
					offsite in tributary of Town Creek.
					The COA confirmed the presence
					of surfactants in the water and a
		related to #13, detergent washed			decreasing specific conductivity
		off-site due to high intensity rain			in the tributary as it neared Town
8/21/2019	GPAC	event	detergent	Υ	Creek Park pond.
		Hydraulic lift used by compactor			
8/22/2019	War Eagle Way compactor	ruptured spilling oil to surface	hydraulic oil	N	
		water line break creating turbid			
0/2/2010	Dlant Band	water discharge to storm sewer			water line repaired discharged
9/3/2019	Plant Road	along Plant Road	suspended sediment	N	Stopped
		1 gallon of latex based paint			Dry methods were deployed same day with a light rinse on
10/7/2010	Walker Dharmacu	spilled onto concourse	1 gallon latov based n	. N	10/8/19
	Walker Pharmacy Lower Concourse	lift gate on a moving truck leaking	1 gallon latex based p		dry TIDE method deployed 10/9
10/9/2019	Lower Coricourse	int gate on a moving truck leaking	< 1 gailon nyuraunc or	IN .	Investigate uppipe locations for
10/16/2019	PMC @ Wellness Kichen	sewage odor	possible sewage	N	potential source
10, 10, 2013	& weiness menen		POSSISIE SEVVABE		F
		8" terra cotta sanitary line			Redirected flow to sanitary
		collapsed releasing ~1000 gallons			sewer. Notified the COA of the
		of sewage to the surface and into			release. Sampling to be
10/16/2019	Parker Hall	nearby storm drain.	sewage	N	performed 10/18/2019
					Aramark is responsible for food
					trucks. John Holloman said the
10/30/2019	Haley/Thach concourse	Starbucks food truck discharge	coffee	N	line was repaired.
					AU informed Maonday 11/4. AU
		oil release from contractor			procedures to lift stain to be
11/3/2019	War Eagle Way @ Bus Depot	vehicle onto concourse	oil	N	initiated.
		contractor truck at Rec Expansion			
		Project site washing tires on the			contacted FM-CPM to address
		road and not on the CEP as			and have imapacted area
11/4/2019	Lem Morrison	required.	sediment	N	cleaned.
		following significant rain event,			contacted CPM and requested
42/422040	Law Maniana	Rec Field project on Lem creating			additional measures be taken to
12/122019	Lem Morrison	a runoff concern	sediment	N	prevent
		turbid discharge from restoration			contact CRM to cualwate controls
12/17/2010	Lom Morrison	site during a significant rain event	cucponded codiment	N.	contact CPM to evaluate controls
12/11/2019	Lem Morrison	Taire annual a significant rain event	suspended sealment	lia .	following rain event

		unprotected inlet at the softball			
1/13/2020	Biggio Dr	field expansion project	sediment	N	Contacted CPM to address
		sediment laden water leaving			
2/18/2020	Samford Ave	inlet down gradient of ASTL site	suspended sediment	N	Contacted CPM to address
		heavy sediment load in PMC			
		following the previous days			Contacted all CPM's to evaluate
2/27/2020	PMC at Coliseum	significant rain event	suspended sediment	N	all AU sites
		heavy sediment load in PMC			Contacted CPMs upgradient of
		following the previous days			this location to have them
3/2/2020	PMC at Wellness Kitchen	significant rain event	suspended sediment	N	evaluate site controls
					RMS response team removed all
					potentially infectious waste from
					dumpster and disinfected
					dumpster and remaining
		potentially infectious waste			contents. Custodial Job Aid and
		improperly disposaed of in	potentially infectious		trainng was developed and
3/19/2020	Dumpster at CASIC Building	dumpster	waste	N	provided.
		trackout observed leaving ASTL			
3/31/2020	sediment on Samford Ave	site	sediment	N	Contacted CPM to address

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: N04-09
Today's date: (2/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: No Cauley
General Location: South of Rugby Field	

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED	
⊠ Closed Pipe	☑ RCP ☐ CI ☐ PVC ☐ HI ☐ Steel ☐ Other:		⊠ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions: 72"x96"	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully	
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:		
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting samples)					
Flow Present?	Yes	□ No If N	o, Skip to Section 5			
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☑ M	oderate				

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION	3		REL	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		□ Sewage □ Sulfide	Rancid/so	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	n/gas	□ 1 – Faint		2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown	☐ Gray	☐ Yellow ☐ Other:	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	s in	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	diness	□2-Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper.	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	.) Suds		☐ 1 — Few/slight; origin not obvious	; origin	2 – Some, indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some, origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	al Indicators	for Both F	esent?	d Non-Flow	ving Outfalls (If No, Skip	Outfalls (JFNo, Skip to Section 6)			
INDICATOR	CHECK if Present	Present			DESCRIPTION			COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling,	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	pping Paint Peeling Paint	ing Paint			
Deposits/Stains		1	□ oily □	Flow Line	☐ Paint ☐ Other:				
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited					
Poor pool quality		Ā	Odors Suds	☐ Colors ☐ Excessive Algae	Floatables	☐ Oil Sheen ☐ Other:			
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	Orange	☐ Green ☐ (Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Il Outfall Cha	racterizati	on						
✓ Unlikely	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o	r more indic	ators)	Suspect (one or 1	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	severity o	of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	Ollection			>					
1. Sample for the lab?	P.5		☐ Yes	- No					
2. If yes, collected from:	rom:		Flow	□ Pool					
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	fran set?		7 Yes	oN L	If Yes tyne.	□ ORM	Cault dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: N04-10
Today's date: 12/27/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by:
General Location: Extension Loop closest to utility barn	

LOCATION	MATI	ERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	⊠ RCP □ PVC □ Steel □ Other:	□ CMP	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:	□ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:		☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable wl	hen collecting	samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes	No No	If No	, Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle	☐ Moderate	e Substantial			

INDICATOR CHECK if Present	CHECK if Present		3G	ESCRIPTION		REL	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/sour	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	☐ 1 — Faint		2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color	0	Clear Green	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	Gray Pellow	☐ 1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	lors in	☐ 2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity	☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	ondiness	☐ 2 - Cloudy	☐ 3 – Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	Suds	☐ 1 — Few/Slight; origin not obvious	tht, origin	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	that are not rel	lated to flow p	resent?	Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present? \square Yes \square No $(IfNo, Sk)$	(If No, Skip to Section 6)			
INDICATOR	CHECK I	CHECK if Present		DESCRIPTION	N		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage			Spalling, C	racking or Chipping	☐ Peeling Paint			
Deposits/Stains			□ Oily □ FI	Flow Line Paint	Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation			☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited		Ц		
Poor pool quality		-	Odors	☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Excessive Algae	s Oil Sheen			
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ Green	Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	l Outfall Ch	aracterizat	ion					
☐ Unlikely □	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	esence of two	or more indicat		Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	n a severity	of3) \square Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection							
1. Sample for the lab?	20		☐ Yes	No.				
2. If yes, collected from:	om:		Flow	☐ Pool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	trap set?		□ Yes	□No IfY	If Yes, type: 🔲 OBM 🔝	Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: N05-08
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: No Lawley
General Leasting, Hemilask from Road Deasting Field	
General Location: Hemlock from Band Practice Field	

LOCATION	MATERIAL	SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED		
⊠ Closed Pipe	RCP	☐ Eliptical ☐ I	Diameter/Dimensions: 20	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully		
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:	Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:			
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting samples)					
Flow Present?	Yes N	If No, Skip to S	ection 5			
Flow Description (If present)	Trickle Modera	te 🔲 Substantial				

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION	7		RE	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/so	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other.	m/gas		□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown	Gray	☐ Yellow		☐ 1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity			☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	2-Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	.) Suds			☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	al Indicators s that are not rela	for Both F	lowing an	d Non-Flow	wing Outfa	Outfalls (LfNo, Skip to Section 6)	ion 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK if Present	Present			DESCRIPTION	N		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage			Spalling, C	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion		☐ Peeling Paint			
Deposits/Stains			□ oily □	☐ Flow Line ☐	☐ Paint ☐	Other.			
Abnormal Vegetation			☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited					
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors	☐ Floatables Algae	s. Oil Sheen			
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	Orange	Green	Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	I Outfall Cha	ıracterizat	ion						
☐ Unlikely	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two	or more indic		Suspect (or	ne or more in	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of3) Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection				į.				
1. Sample for the lab?	55][□ Yes	ON ED					
2. If yes, collected from:	.om:	J	☐ Flow	□ Pool					
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	Tap set?		Tyes	ON L	IfVe	If Yes tyne: OBM	DRM Caultedam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: N05-09
Today's date: 12/20/14	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Me family
	Replace P.c
General Location: Extension Loop 3rd in line from utility barn	

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	RCP		⊠ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid Depth: ☐ Parabolic Top Width: ☐ Other: Bottom Width:		Top Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting samples)				
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☑	No If No.	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Mode	rate Substantial	1		

	CHECK if Present		DES	DESCRIPTION		REI	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/sour	/sour Petroleum/gas		1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	Gray C	☐ Yellow ☐	☐ 1 — Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity			Sc	See severity		☐ I — Slight cloudiness	2-Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper	etc.)	☐ Suds ☐ Other:	Ou Ou	☐ 1 — Few/Slight; origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing a	I Indicators	for Both Flated to flow pr	owing and N	nd Non-Flowing Outfalls ☐ Yes ☐ No (#No. Sk	Outfalls (FNo. Skip to Section 6)	19)		
INDICATOR	CHECK if	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage	ġ.	"V Pilant	Spalling, Cra	ig, Cracking or Chipping	☐ Peeling Paint	Tak	Lyond assends	mapak W of
Deposits/Stains			Oily Flow Line	w Line Paint	Other:		,	
Abnormal Vegetation	J		☐ Excessive ☐	☐ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen ae ☐ Other:			
Pipe benthic growth		1	☐ Brown ☐	Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	l Outfall Ch	aracterizatio	uo					
Unlikely	Potential (pre	sence of two o.	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)		Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	cators with a severity	of3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection			١				
1. Sample for the lab?	6		□ Yes	OWO.				
2. If yes, collected from:	:mo.		Flow	☐ Pool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	rap set?		□Yes	□ No	If Yes, type:	M Caulk dam		

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed; PMC	Outfall ID: N05-10
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: No Con ley
General Location: Extension Loop 2 nd in line from utility barn	
General Location: Extension Loop 2 nd in line from utility barn	

LOCATION	MATI	ERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe		□ CMP	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:	⊠ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:		☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable w	hen collecting	samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes	☑ No	IfN	o, Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle	☐ Moderate	e 🔲 Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION			REL	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	☐ Rancid/s	sour 🔲 Petroleum/gas	as	☐ 1 — Faint	ų.	2-Easily detected	3 - Noticeable from a distance
Color	п	☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	☐ Gray ☐ Red	☐ Yellow ☐Other:	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	- Faint colors in sample bottle	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		gil8−1□	☐ I – Slight cloudiness	□ 2 – Cloudy	☐ 3 – Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	О	Sewage (Toilet Paper.	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	c.) Suds		□ 1 – Few/ not obvious	☐ 1 — Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some, indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing as Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	Il Indicators	for Both F	lowing an	nd Non-Flowing Outfalls	ng Outfalls (IfNo, Skip to Section 6)	ection 6)			
INDICATOR	CHECK IF	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION			COMMENTS	S
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling, C	g, Cracking or Chipping ion	ing Peeling Paint	aint			
Deposits/Stains]		☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint	int Other:				
Abnormal Vegetation]	☐ Excessive	: Inhibited					
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen	heen			
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:	22			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	racterizati	ion						
Unlikely	Detential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two (or more indic		Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	e indicators w	vith a severity	of3) 🗌 Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection								
 Sample for the lab?]	□ Yes	No.					
2. If yes, collected from:	om:	I	Flow	□ Pool					
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	rap set?		□ Yes	°N 🗆	If Yes, type:	□ OBM	Caulk dam		

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC		Outfall ID: N05-13
Today's date:	12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours:	Last 48 hours: New	Form completed by: McCarley
General Location: Hemlock next to	RFL monitoring well 104	

LOCATION	MATE	RIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	☐ PVC ☐ Steel ☐ Other:	☐ CMP	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:		Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:		☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable wh	en collecting	samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes	□ No	If No,	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle	☐ Moderat	e 🔲 Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		DE	DESCRIPTION		REI	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		☐ Sewage ☐ Sulfide	Rancid/sour	☐ Petroleum/gas	☐ 1 — Faint	, tu	2 – Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	Gray Yellow Red Other:	W	☐ 1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity			S	See severity	ils-1 🗆	☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	2-Cloudy	☐ 3 — Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper.	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	□ Suds □ Other:	□ 1 – Few/not obvious	 □ 1 – Few/slight; origin not obvious 	2 – Some, indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some, origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	Indicators	for Both F	lowing and I	d Non-Flowing Out ☐ Yes ☐ No (ff))utfalls (If No, Skip to Section 6)			
INDICATOR	CHECK IF	CHECK if Present		DESCRIPTION	ION		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage			Spalling, Crr	Cracking or Chipping	☐ Peeling Paint			
Deposits/Stains			□ Oily □ Flo	Flow Line	Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Excessive Algae	bles Oil Sheen			
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ Green	Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	aracterizati	ion					
- Unlikely	Potential (pre	sence of two	☐ Potential (presence of two or more indicators)		Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	with a severity	of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	llection							
1. Sample for the lab?	20		□ Yes	No No				
2. If yes, collected from:	m:	J	Flow	□ Pool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	ap set?		Yes	If No If	If Yes, type:	Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Today's date: Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours: Form completed by: A family
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours: Form completed by: A family
General Location: Extension Loop 4th & last from utility barn 1

LOCATION	MAT	ERIAL	Day J	SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
☑ Closed Pipe		□ CMP	☐ Circular ☐ Eliptical ☐ Box ☐ Other:	⊠ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	Concrete Earthen rip-rap Other:		☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable w	hen collecting	samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes	☑ No	IfN	o, Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle	☐ Moderat	e 🔲 Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		DESCRIPTION	RE	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other.	□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 - Noticeable from a distance
Color		Clear	□ Brown □ Gray □ Yellow □ Orange □ Red □ Other:	☐ 1 — Faint colors in sample bottle	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity	0		See severity	☐ 1—Slight cloudiness	2 - Cloudy	☐ 3 — Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	П	Sewage (Toilet Paper.	☐ Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.) ☐ Suds ☐ Petroleum (oil sheen) ☐ Other.	☐ 1 — Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some, origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	that are not related to fi	ated to flow pr	Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	ction 6)	STORMENTS	9
INDICATOR	CHECK II	Present	DESCRIPTION		COMMEN	TS
Outfall Damage			Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Paint Corrosion	int		
Deposits/Stains		1	□ Oily □ Flow Line □ Paint □ Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation]	☐ Excessive ☐ Inhibited			
Poor pool quality			☐ Odors ☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen ☐ Suds ☐ Excessive Algae ☐ Other:	nac		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown ☐ Orange ☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	racterization	u(
☐ Unlikely □	Potential (pres	sence of two o	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	llection					
1. Sample for the lab?			O Yes OND			
2. If yes, collected from:	·m:		□ Flow □ Pool			
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	ab set?		No If Yes. type:	☐ OBM ☐ Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?



Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: N07-05
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Magnety
General Location: Satellite Uplink near Samford Ave	

LOCATION	MATERIAL	5	SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	RCP	☐ Circular ☐ Eliptical ☐ Box ☐ Other:	⊠ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	g samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☐ N	o If No. 2	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Moder	nte Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION	R	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/s	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown	Gray Yellow Cred Control Contr	☐ 1 — Faint colors in sample bottle	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity	0			See sevenity	☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	□2-Cloudy	☐ 3 — Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	п	Sewage (Toilet Paper.	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	k.) Suds	☐ 1 — Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some, origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	that are not rela	ated to flow p	resent?	Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	Section 6)	NEWWOO	y
INDICATOR	CHECK if Present	Present		DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling,	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Peeling Paint Corrosion	Paint		
Deposits/Stains			□ oily □	☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint ☐ Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation			Excessive	☐ Inhibited			
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen ☐ Excessive Algae ☐ Other:	Sheen er.		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ Green ☐ Other:	er:		
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	rracterizati	on				
☐ Unlikely □	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o	r more indic		Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of3) Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection			1			
1. Sample for the lab?	3		□ Yes	EN ₀			
2. If yes, collected from:	m:	Ш	□ Flow	Pool			
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	an set?		□Yes	No If Yes. type:	☐ OBM ☐ Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

	Outfall ID: P4-30
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Ma Combes
General Location: Thach across from Farm House Frat	NEW Pic

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	RCP	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:	□ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions: 58"x38"	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other;	☐ Trapezoid☐ Parabolic☐ Other:	Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:		
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	g samples)			
Flow Present?	Yes No	If No.	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Modera	te 🗌 Substantial			

Section 3: Physical Indicators for Flowing Outfalls Only
Are Any Physical Indicators Present in the flow?
Yes

[P.No (If No. Skip to Section 5)

								T	T		T	1		1			
(1-3)	3 – Noticeable from a distance	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow	3 - Opaque	3 - Some, origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)		S											
RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	2-Easily detected	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	2-Cloudy	2 – Some, indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)		COMMENTS				Kund			of 3)				
REL		lors in ttle	oudiness	ht; origin						Sedin			a severity o				Caulk dam
	1 - Faint	☐ 1 — Faint colors in sample bottle	☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	(9 u								cators with				
DESCRIPTION	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ ☐ Other:	Gray Yellow	See severity	☐ Suds	nd Non-Flowing Outfalls ☐ Yes ☐ No (JfNo, Skip to Section 6)	DESCR	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Peeling Paint Corrosion	☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint ☐ Other:	Inhibited	☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Qil Sheen ☐ Excessive Algae ☐ Other.	☐ Orange ☐ Green ☐ Other:		ators) Uspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)		ON C	Pool	□ No If Yes, type: □ OBM
	☐ Rancid/sc	☐ Brown ☐ Orange		ilet Paper, etc. oil sheen)	owing and		Spalling, (Excessive	Odors Suds	□ Brown	n n	more indica		□ Yes	□ Flow	☐ Yes
	Sewage Sulfide	Clear		Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	or Both Flo	resent						acterizatio	nce of two or				
CHECK if Present					Indicators for that are not relate	CHECK if Present			P	A		Outfall Char	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	llection		m:	ap set?
INDICATOR	Odor	Color	Turbidity	Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing an Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	INDICATOR	Outfall Damage	Deposits/Stains	Abnormal Vegetation	Poor pool quality	Pipe benthic growth	Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	□ Unlikely □	Section 6: Data Collection	1. Sample for the lab?	2. If yes, collected from:	3. Intermittent flow trap set?

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: P04-31
Today's date: 10/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Me Conley
General Location: West of DEP	
General Location: West of DEP	

LOCATION	MATERIA	AL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe] HDPE	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:		Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:		☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when	collecting s	amples)			
Flow Present?	Yes	☐ No	If No,	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	Trickle] Moderate	☐ Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION		RE	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	0	Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/so	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:		☐ 1 – Faint	2-Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color	0	Clear	☐ Brown	Gray O	☐ Yellow ☐ Other:	1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	2-Cloudy	☐ 3 – Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	П	Sewage (Toilet Paper,	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)) Suds		☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some, origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	s that are not rel	re not related to flow pr	resent?] Yes No	(If No, Skip to Section 6)	tion 6)	NEWWOO	<u> </u>
INDICATOR	CHECK IF	Present		DESCR	IPTION		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage		ь	Spalling,	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	☐ Peeling Paint	ıt		
Deposits/Stains			□ Oily □	☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint	Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen ae ☐ Other:	u		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ Green	reen 🔲 Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	racterizati	no					
☐ Unlikely □	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o	r more indica		ect (one or more ii	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection			\				
1. Sample for the lab?	ė.	, L	□ Yes	on D				
2. If yes, collected from:	om:		☐ Flow	□ Pool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	ran set?		Yes	No.	If Yes, type:	☐ OBM ☐ Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: P04-32
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by:
General Location: West of DEP	

LOCATION	MATERIAL	SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
☑ Closed Pipe	RCP	☑ Circular ☑ Single ☐ Eliptical ☐ Double ☐ Box ☐ Triple ☐ Other: ☐ Other	de <u>48"</u>	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:	Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	g samples)		
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☑ N	o If No, Skip to Section	n 5	
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Modera	nte Substantial		

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION	N	R	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/s	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other.	seā/ur	1 - Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	Gray	☐ Yellow ☐ Other:	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	□2-Cloudy	☐ 3 – Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	c.) Suds		☐ 1 – Few/slight; origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	al Indicators s that are not rel	for Both I	Flowing an	id Non-Flow	wing Outfalls o (IfNo, Skip to Section 6)	ection 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK if	CHECK if Present			ESCRI		COMMENTS	SI
Outfall Damage	J		Spalling Corrosic	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	nipping Peeling Paint	aint		
Deposits/Stains			□ oily □	Flow Line	☐ Paint ☐ Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation]		☐ Excessive	Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors Excessive Algae	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen Algae ☐ Other.	een		
Pipe benthic growth		1	□ Brown	☐ Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	I Outfall Ch	aracterizal	tion					
☐ Unlikely ☐	☐ Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two	or more indi		Suspect (one or more	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of 3) Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection							
1. Sample for the lab?	35		□ Yes	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S				
2. If yes, collected from:	.com:	7.5	□ Flow	□ Pool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	trap set?		☐ Yes	°N □	If Yes, type:	OBM Caulk dam		

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: P0-4-37
Today's date: (2/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by:
Thach @ Farm House	

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
☐ Closed Pipe	⊠ RCP ☐ C ☐ PVC ☐ H ☐ Steel ☐ Other:		☐ Single ☐ Double ☐ Triple ☐ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when coll	cting samples)			
Flow Present?	☑ Yes	□ No If N	o, Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☑ M	derate			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION	PTION		REL	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	п	□ Sewage	Rancid/s	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	gas	☐ 1 – Faint		2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color	0	☐ Clear	☐ Brown	☐ Gray	☐ Yellow ☐ Other:	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	is in	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	idiness	2-Cloudy	□ 3 – Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper,	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	c.) Suds		☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	; origin	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	Il Indicators that are not rela	for Both Flated to flow pi	lowing an	nd Non-Flowi ☐ Yes ☐ No	ing Outfalls (If No, Skip to Section 6)	ection 6)			
INDICATOR	CHECK if Present	Present			DESCRIPTION			COMMENTS	Ş
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling Corrosio	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	oing 🔲 Peeling Paint	int			
Deposits/Stains			□ √iio□	☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint	aint 🔲 Other:				
Abnormal Vegetation	A	1	Excessive	C nhibited					
Poor pool quality	13	\	Odors Suds	Colors Colors Excessive Algae	☐ Floatables ☐ Qit Sheen Igae	eeu	S.A.	met.	
Pipe benthic growth			Brown	Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:		5		
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	racterizati	on						
Unlikely 🔼	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o	r more indic		Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	indicators with a	severity o	f3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection			\					
1. Sample for the lab?	3	Ш	□ Yes	ON D					
2. If yes, collected from:	:mc		Flow	□ Pool					
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	rap set?		☐ Yes	°N □	If Yes, type:	□ OBM □ Ca	Caulk dam		

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: P07-16
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Mc Couley
General Location: NE Corner of Wire and Samford	

LOCATION	MATE	RIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	☐ PVC ☐ Steel ☐ Other:	☐ CMP	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:		Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:		☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable wh	en collecting	samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes	No	If No,	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle	☐ Moderate	e ☐ Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		2.5	DESCRIPTION		REL	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	-0	Sewage Suffide	☐ Rancid/s	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	1 - Faint		2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a dístance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	☐ Gray ☐ Yellow ☐ Red ☐ Other:	1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	olors in	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity	☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	loudiness	□ 2 - Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	_	Sewage (Toilet Paper	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	c.) Suds	☐ 1 — Few/slight, origin not obvious	ght; origin	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present? INDICATOR CHECK if Present	that are not related to fi	ated to flow p		Yes No (Jf No. 15 No. 1	(If No, Skip to Section 6) IPTION		COMMENTS	ī.
INDICATOR	CHECK if	Present		DESCR	N		COMMEN	2
Outfall Damage			Spalling Corrosio	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion] Peeling Paint			
Deposits/Stains]		Flow Line Paint	Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation]	☐ Excessive	: Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Excessive Algae	s Oil Sheen			
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ Green	Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	ıracterizati	ion					
Tunlikely	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two c	or more indic	1	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	h a severity	of3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	llection							
Sample for the lab?			□ Yes	Z No				
If yes, collected from:	m		☐ Flow	□ Pool				
Cton most most floor town carl	Cotato and	-	Voc	No.	If Var time: OBM	Coult down		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?



Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: P07-18
Today's date: (2/20/19)	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Ma Compley
Conseq. Legation, NE Corner of Wire and Samford Ave.	
General Location: NE Corner of Wire and Samford Ave	

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
☑ Closed Pipe	□ RCP □ CMP □ PVC □ HDP □ Steel □ Other:			Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collect	ng samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes	No If No,	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Mode	rate Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION		REI	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/so	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:		□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown	Gray Yellow	wo	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	2-Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	E.) Suds		☐ 1 — Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some, origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
INDICATOR CHECK if Present	CHECK if Present	Present		DESCRIPTION	(J) No, Skip to Section 6)	(ouo)	COMMENTS	2
Outfall Damage			Spalling,	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	Peeling Paint			
Deposits/Stains		1	□ oily □	Flow Line	Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Excessive Algae	bles Oil Sheen			
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ Green	Other:			1
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	ıracterizati	on					
Unlikely	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o.	r more indica		(one or more inc	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	llection			,				
. Sample for the lab?			☐ Yes	Oxo				
If yes, collected from:	m:		☐ Flow	Pool				
3. Intermittent flow tran set?	in set?		□ Vec	T No	If Yes tyne: OBM)RM Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Today's date: Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours: Form completed by: MacCancley	Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID; P08-08
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours: Form completed by: McConcley	Today's date: 12/20/19 /	Time (Military):
	Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Alc Couley
General Location: South of McWorter Center	General Location: South of McWorter Center	

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
☑ Closed Pipe	RCP	I BYNN	⊠ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when colle	ting samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☐	No If No	, Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Mo	derate			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		Д	DESCRIPTION	2	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	0	Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/sor	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a.
Color	0	Clear	☐ Brown	Gray Tyellow	☐ 1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity	☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	□2-Cloudy	□ 3 – Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper,	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	Suds	☐ 1 — Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some, indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some, origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	al Indicators s that are not rela	for Both Fl	lowing and	Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	Outfalls (If No, Skip to Section 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK IT Present	Present		DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage			Spalling, C	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Peeling Paint Corrosion	ng Paint		
Deposits/Stains]	□ oily □ F	Flow Line Paint Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive	Inhibited			
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ ○ ○ □ Excessive Algae ☐ ○	☐ Oil Sheen ☐ Other:		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ Green ☐ O	Other:		
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	tracterization	no				
Unlikely	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o.	r more indica		Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	y of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection						
1. Sample for the lab?	6		□ Yes	NO No			
2. If yes, collected from:	om:		Flow	☐ Pool			
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	rap set?		☐ Yes	□ No If Yes, type:	□ OBM □ Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: P09-02
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Malontry
General Location: East of Softball Field	

LOCATION	MATERIAL	SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	☐ RCP ☐ CMP ☐ PVC ☐ HDPE ☐ Steel ☐ Other:	⊠ Circular ⊠ Single □ Eliptical □ Double □ Box □ Triple □ Other: □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:	Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collectin	g samples)		
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☑ N	o If No, Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Modera	te Substantial		

	CHECK if Present		-	DESCRIPTION		æ	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/so	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	gas.	□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 - Noticeable from a distance
Color	0	☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	☐ Gray	☐ Yellow ☐Other:	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity	0			See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	2-Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper.	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)) Suds		☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some, indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some, origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing at Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	Il Indicators that are not rela	for Both F	lowing and	id Non-Flow □ Yes □ No	nd Non-Flowing Outfalls Yes No (If No, Skip to Section 6)	ction 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK IF	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	IS
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling,	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	ping 🔲 Peeling Paint	int		
Deposits/Stains				☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint	aint Other:	VI VII		
Abnormal Vegetation		I	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen Igae ☐ Other:	pen.		
Pipe benthic growth			Brown	Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	ıracterizati	on					
Unlikely	☐ Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o	or more indica		Suspect (one or more	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	y of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection							
1. Sample for the lab?	2		□ Yes	ox to				
2. If yes, collected from:	om:		Flow	Dool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	rap set?		☐ Yes	°N □	If Yes, type:	OBM Caulk dam		

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: Q3-30
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Ma landay
General Location: Sigma Nu Frat	
General Education, Sigina Nu Frat	

LOCATION	MAT	ERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	⊠ RCP □ PVC □ Steel □ Other:	□ CMP	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:	□ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:		☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable w	hen collecting	samples)			
Flow Present?	Yes	☐ No	If No	o, Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle	Moderate	e 🔲 Substantial			

INDICATOR CHECK if Present	CHECK if Present		DESCRIPTION		RE	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	0	Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/sour Petroleum/gas	10	☐ 1 — Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color	0	Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Gray ☐ Orange ☐ Red	☐ Yellow ☐Other:	1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity			See severity		☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	☐ 2 - Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper,	☐ Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.) ☐ Suds ☐ Petroleum (oil sheen) ☐ Other:		1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	☐ 2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	al Indicators s that are not rel	for Both F	Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present? \square Yes \square No (f/N) , S/N	ig Outfalls (If No, Skip to Section 6)	ction 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK if	CHECK if Present		DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	ITS
Outfall Damage			Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	ig Peeling Paint	int		
Deposits/Stains			Oily Flow Line Paint	nt Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation			☐ Excessive ☐ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality	Ċ	7	Odors Colors	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen gae ☐ Other:	en		
Pipe benthic growth]	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	ll Outfall Ch	aracterizati	ion				
Unlikely [Potential (pre	sence of two	lore indicators)	Suspect (one or more	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	y of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	Collection		1				
1. Sample for the lab?	62	1	☐ Yes ☐ No				
2. If yes, collected from:	rom:	J	☐ Flow ☐ Pool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	trap set?		Yes No	If Yes, type:	☐ OBM ☐ Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: Q07-19
Today's date: 12/29/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by:
General Location: East of Hutsell Track	

LOCATION	MATERIAL	SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	□ RCP □ CMP □ PVC □ HDPE □ Steel □ Other:	☐ Eliptical ☐ I	Single Diameter/Dimensions: Double 18" Triple Other:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
□ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:	Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	(samples)		
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☐ No	If No, Skip to S	Section 5	
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Moderat	e Substantial		

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION	Z			REI	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		☐ Sewage ☐ Sulfide	Rancid/	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	m/gas		□ 1 – Faint		2 - Easily detected	3 - Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	☐ Gray	☐ Yellow ☐ Other.	MO 14	☐ 1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	lors in ottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity			☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	loudiness	2-Cloudy	☐ 3 – Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	e.) Suds			☐ I – Few/slight; origin not obvious	tht, origin	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present? INDICATOR CHECK if Present	s that are not rel	re not related to flow p	resent?	Yes No	DESCRI	(If No, Skip to Section 6)	tion 6)		COMMENTS	51
Outfall Damage	CHECKILL	rieselli	Spalling	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping	pping	Peeling Paint			COMMEN	51
		, ,	Corrosi	uo						
Deposits/Stains			Oily	Flow Line	☐ Paint	Other:				
Abnormal Vegetation			☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited						
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors	☐ Floatables Algae	bles Oil Sheen	u			
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	Orange	Green	Other:				
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	I Outfall Cha	ıracterizat	ion							
☐ Unlikely □	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two	or more indi		Suspect	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	idicators with	a severity	of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection			1						
1. Sample for the lab?	2]	□ Yes	oN No						
2. If yes, collected from:	om:		Flow	D Pool						
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	ran set?] Yes	oN [If	If Yes, type:	□ OBM □	Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?



Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed	PMC			Outfall ID: Q08-07	
Today's date:		12/20/19	1	Time (Military):	
Rainfall (in.):	Last 24 hours:	Last 48 hours:	Non	Form completed by: Mohally	
General Locati	on: NE corner of Samf	ord and Biggio			

LOCATION	MATE	ERIAL	1000	SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
☑ Closed Pipe	□ RCP □ PVC □ Steel □ Other:	□ CMP	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:	□ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	Concrete Earthen rip-rap Other:		☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable w	hen collecting	; samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes	□ No) If N	o, Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle	☐ Moderat	te Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION	N		RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	((1-3)
Odor	_	Sewage	Rancid/s	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other.	m/gas	□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	☐ Gray	☐ Yellow ☐ Other.	1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	□ 2 - Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper.	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	c.) Suds		☐ 1 — Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	al Indicators s that are not rela	for Both Flated to flow pr	lowing an	d Non-Flow	wing Outfalls (If No, Skip to Section 6)	Section 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK if	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	ITS
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling Corrosic	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	ipping Peeling Paint	3 Paint		
Deposits/Stains		1	□ oily □	Flow Line	☐ Paint ☐ Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation			☐ Excessive	Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors	Floatables	Oil Sheen		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:	er:		
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	ıracterizati	on					
□ Unlikely □	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o	r more indic		Suspect (one or mo	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	ity of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection				2			
1. Sample for the lab?	Ġ		□ Yes	ON I				
2. If yes, collected from:	om:	Ц	Flow	Dool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	rap set?		□ Yes	ON [If Yes, type:	☐ OBM ☐ Caulk dam	8	

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?



Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: R07-13
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: McCompley
Control Leasting Piegro South of Marting Appetrs agrees	
General Location: Biggio South of Martins Aquatic center	

LOCATION	MATERIAL	SI	HAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
☑ Closed Pipe	RCP	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:	Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	g samples)			
Flow Present?	☑ Yes □ No	o If No, Si	kip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	Trickle Modera	te Substantial			

	Present			DESCRIPTION			RELA	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/s	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	n/gas	□ 1 – Faint		2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		Clear Green	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	Gray	☐ Yellow ☐ Other.	☐ 1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	.E	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	liness	2-Cloudy	3-Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper,	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	c) Suds		☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	origin	2 - Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing a Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	al Indicators	for Both F	lowing an	d Non-Flow	nd Non-Flowing Outfalls Tyes No (IfNo, Skip to Section 6)	o Section 6)			
INDICATOR	CHECK if Present	Present			DESCRIPTION			COMMENTS	S
Outfall Damage		-	Spalling.	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion		Peeling Paint	16	to to de	ax a
Deposits/Stains		1	□ oily □	☐ Flow Line ☐	☐ Paint ☐ Other:			out 5211	the vetaso
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited				the car by	May TRees
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors	Floatables	Oil Sheen		0	
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:	ther:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	II Outfall Cha	ıracterizati	on						
-Unlikely	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two c	or more indic	ators)	Suspect (one or m	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	severity of	f3) Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection			1					
1. Sample for the lab?	95		□ Yes	oN A					
2. If yes, collected from:	rom:		Flow	Dool					
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	trap set?		☐ Yes	oN 🗆	If Yes, type:	□ OBM	Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

V

OUTFALL RECONNAISSANCE INVENTORY FIELD SHEET

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: R07-14
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Melonley
General Location: Biggio South of Martins Aquatic Center (street runoff)	5

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
☑ Closed Pipe	□ RCP □ CMP □ PVC □ HDPE □ Steel □ Other:	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:	□ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
□ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☑ No	If No,	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Moderat	e 🔲 Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		7	DESCRIPTION		RE	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/sv	□ Rancid/sour □ Petroleum/gas □ Other:		1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	Gray Pellow	illow er:	1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	□ 2 - Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper.	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	.) Suds		☐ I – Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present? INDICATOR CHECK if Present	s that are not rel	ated to flow pi	resent?	Yes No (ffNo, Sk	(If No, Skip to Section 6)	tion 6)	COMMEN	<u> </u>
INDICATOR	CHECK if	CHECK if Present		DESCRIPTION	NOIL		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling,	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	Peeling Paint	11		
Deposits/Stains				☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint	Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation			☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			☐ Odors ☐ Suds	☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Excessive Algae	atables Oil Sheen	u		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ Green	sen 🗌 Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	racterizati	on					
Unlikely	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o	r more indic	7	ct (one or more ir	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	y of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection			1				
1. Sample for the lab?	i	Ш	□ Yes	No.				
2. If yes, collected from:	om:	П	Flow	□ Pool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	rap set?		☐ Yes	□ No	If Yes, type: OBM	OBM Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?



Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: R07-15
Today's date:	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Mc Crackey
General Location: Biggio South of Martins Aquatic Center	

LOCATION	MATERIAL	SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	☐ RCP ☐ CMP ☐ PVC ☐ HDPE ☐ Steel ☐ Other:	⊠ Circular ⊠ Single □ Eliptical □ Double □ Box □ Triple □ Other: □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:	Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	g samples)		
Flow Present?	Yes N	o If No, Skip to Section 5	ī	
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☑ Moder	ate Substantial		

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		DE	DESCRIPTION	R	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	0	Sewage Sulfide	☐ Rancid/sour	/sour 🔲 Petroleum/gas	□ 1 – Faint	2 – Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown	Gray Yellow Red Other:	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity			5.7	See severity	☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	□2-Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper.	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	☐ Suds ☐ Other:	☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	I Indicators that are not rela	for Both Fi	lowing and l	Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present? Yes No (HNO, Skip to Section 6)	ection 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK if	CHECK if Present		DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	S
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling, Cr	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Peeling Paint Corrosion	aint /	in a head	Man Man
Deposits/Stains		1	□ Oily □ Flo	☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint ☐ Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation]	☐ Excessive [☐ Inhibited			
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen ☐ Excessive Algae ☐ Other:	nəəl		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	tracterizati	on				
☑ Unlikely □	Potential (presence of two or more indi	sence of two o	or more indicators)		Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of3) Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	llection			\			
1. Sample for the lab?	٥:		□Yes	¶N₀			
2. If yes, collected from:	im:		Flow	□ Pool			
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	an set?		T Yes	No If Yes type:	OBW Coult dom		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?



Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: R07-16
Today's date: 12/29/19 /	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by:
General Location: North of indoor football field	

LOCATION	MATERIAL	SHA	APE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	□ RCP □ CMP □ PVC □ HDPE □ Steel □ Other:	Box	⊠ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	g samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☑ No	o If No, Skip	o to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Modera	te Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		5	DESCRIPTION		8	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/so	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other.		□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown	Gray C	☐ Yellow ☐ Other:	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	2-Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	c) Suds		☐ 1 – Few/slight; origin not obvious	2 – Some, indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some, origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	I Indicators	for Both F	lowing an	rd Non-Flowing	Outfalls (If No, Skip to Section 6)	ction 6)	NEWWOO	2
INDICATOR	CHECK if Present	Present		DESC	DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling,	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	☐ Peeling Paint	nt		
Deposits/Stains			□ oily □	☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint	Other:			54
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	☐ Colors ☐ F	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen ae ☐ Other:	ua		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	racterizati	on					
Unlikely	Potential (presence of two or more indi	sence of two o	r more indic	cators) 🗌 Sus	pect (one or more	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	y of 3) Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	llection			١				
1. Sample for the lab?			□ Yes	EL Nº				
2. If yes, collected from:	m:		Flow	□ Pool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	ab set?		□Yes	oN.	If Yes, type:	☐ OBM ☐ Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?



	Outfall ID: S07-12
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours	Form completed by: Ma from lay

Section 2: Outfall Description

General Location: Coliseum (smaller round pipe on the left)

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
☑ Closed Pipe	□ RCP □ CMP □ PVC □ HDPE □ Steel □ Other:	☐ Circular ☐ Eliptical ☐ Box ☐ Other:	□ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collection	ng samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☑	No If No,	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Moder	rate			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION			RELA	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	0	Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/s	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	SE	☐ 1 — Faint		2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color	П	Clear Green	☐ Brown	☐ Gray	☐ Yellow ☐ Other:	☐ I – Faint colors in sample bottle	s ii.	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	diness	2-Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	2.) Suds Other:		☐ 1 – Few/slight; origin not obvious	, origin	2 - Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing a Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	Il Indicators that are not rela	for Both F	lowing an	nd Non-Flowing Outfalls ☐ Yes △No (HNo, Sk	ng Outfalls (tfNo, Skip to Section 6)	ction 6)			
INDICATOR	CHECK if Present	Present		DE	DESCRIPTION			COMMENTS	S
Outfall Damage			Spalling, C	ig, Cracking or Chipping	ng Peeling Paint	nt			
Deposits/Stains			□ oily □	☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint	int Other:				
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited					
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen gae ☐ Other:	H			
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:				
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	racterizat	ion						
☐ Vanlikely □	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two	or more indic		Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	ndicators with a	severity o	f3) 🗌 Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection								
1. Sample for the lab?	ć	J	□ Yes	OX:					
2. If yes, collected from:	m:	J	□ Flow	Deol					
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	ap set?		Yes	oN □	If Yes, type:	□ OBM □ Ca	Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: S07-13
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: No Com les
General Location: Coliseum (larger right pipe)	

LOCATION	MATERIAL	S	НАРЕ	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
☑ Closed Pipe	□ RCP □ CMP □ PVC □ HDPE □ Steel □ Other: □ □	☐ Circular ☐ Eliptical ☑ Box ☐ Other:	Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions: 96"x72"	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecti	ng samples)			
Flow Present?	Yes 🗆 1	No If No, S	kip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Mode	ate Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION	Z		RI	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	0	Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/s	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	ım/gas		1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 - Noticeable from a distance
Color	П	☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	☐ Gray	☐ Yellow ☐ Other:		☐ 1 — Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity			☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	□2-Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper,	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	.) Suds			☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	that are not rel	ated to flow pr	resent?	Yes Tho	o (If N.	(If No, Skip to Section 6)	tion 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK if Present	Present			DESCRIPTION	NC		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling,	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion		Peeling Paint	nt		
Deposits/Stains]	□ oily □	Flow Line	☐ Paint ☐	Other			
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited					
Poor pool quality			□ Odors □ Suds	☐ Colors ☐ Excessive Algae	☐ Floatables Algae	es Oil Sheen	E.		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange	☐ Green	Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	racterization	on						
☐ Unlikely ☐	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two or	r more indic	ators)	Suspect (c	one or more in	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	y of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	llection								
1. Sample for the lab?			□ Yes	No.					
2. If yes, collected from:	im:		□ Flow	□ Pool					
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	ap set?		☐ Yes	°N L	ΙŁΑ	If Yes, type:	OBM Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?



Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: S07-16
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by:
General Location: Biggio North of Field House (smaller circular pipe on left)	

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	RCP		⊠ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collec	ting/samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes [No If No.	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Mod	erate			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		DESCRIPTION	2	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	□ 1 – Faint	2 – Easily detected	☐ 3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		Clear Green	□ Brown □ Gray □ Yellow □ Orange □ Red □ Other.	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity			See severity	☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	□ 2 - Cloudy	□ 3 – Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper	☐ Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.) ☐ Suds ☐ Petroleum (oil sheen) ☐ Other:	☐ 1 — Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	al Indicators	for Both F	Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present? Yes No (If No, Skip to Section 6)	Section 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK IF	CHECK if Present	DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Peeling Paint	Paint		
Deposits/Stains			☐ Oily ☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint ☐ Other.			
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive ☐ Inhibited			
Poor pool quality			☐ Odors ☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Oil ☐ Suds ☐ Excessive Algae ☐ Oth	☐ Oil Sheen ☐ Other:		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown ☐ Orange ☐ Green ☐ Other:	er:	V	
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	II Outfall Cha	ıracterizati	on			
Unlikely	Potential (pre	sence of two o	☐ Potential (presence of two or more indicators) ☐ Suspect (one or mo	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of3) Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection					
1. Sample for the lab?	25		□ Yes			
2. If yes, collected from:	rom:	П	☐ Flow ☐ Pool			
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	trap set?		☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, type:	☐ OBM ☐ Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: S07-17
Today's date: 2/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours	Form completed by: Ma Cauley
General Location: Biggio North of Field House (larger opening on the right of	circular pipe in box)

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	□ RCP □ CMP □ PVC □ HDPE □ Steel □ Other: □	☐ Circular ☐ Eliptical ☐ Box ☐ Other:	⊠ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	ig/samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☐N	lo If No.	, Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Modera	ate Substantial			

	CHECK if Present		4	DESCRIPTION			R	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage	☐ Rancid/s	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other.	Sas		□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		Clear Green	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	☐ Gray	☐ Yellow	*	1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity	0			See severity			☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	2-Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	e.) Suds			☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some, indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	I Indicators	for Both Flated to flow pi	lowing an	d Non-Flowi	ing Out	Outfalls (If No. Skip to Section 6)	ction 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK IF	CHECK if Present		D	DESCRIPTION	NO.		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage		0	Spalling,	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion		☐ Peeling Paint	nt		
Deposits/Stains				Flow Line Paint		Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation			☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited					
Poor pool quality		1	Odors Suds	Colors	☐ Floatables gae	les Oil Sheen	ua		
Pipe benthic growth			Brown	Orange	☐ Green	Other.			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	aracterizati	on						
Tuniikely	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two c	yr more indic		Suspect (one or more i	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	y of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection								
1. Sample for the lab?	5		□ Yes	N.					
2. If yes, collected from:	:mc		☐ Flow	☐ Pool					
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	ap set?		□ Yes	ON 🗌	If	If Yes, type:	☐ OBM ☐ Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?



Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: S07-18
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by:
General Location: Biggio North of Field House (outfall on left)	

LOCATION	MATERIAL		БНАРЕ	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	□ RCP □ CMP □ PVC □ HDPE □ Steel □ Other:	☐ Circular ☐ Eliptical ☑ Box ☐ Other:		Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	g samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☐N	o If No, :	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Modera	nte Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		О	DESCRIPTION		RE	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor		Sewage Suffide	☐ Rancid/s	sour 🔲 Petroleum/gas		□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color	П	☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐ Orange	☐ Gray ☐ ☐ Red ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐	☐ Yellow ☐ Other:	1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	□ 2 - Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	2.) Suds Other.		☐ I — Few/slight; origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	Il Indicators	for Both F	lowing an	nd Non-Flowing	Outfalls (If No, Skip to Section 6)	tion 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK if Present	Present		DESCR	DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage		1	Spalling Corrosio	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	☐ Peeling Paint	nt		
Deposits/Stains		1		☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint	Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation		1	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors F	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen ae ☐ Other:	uc		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ (☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	ıracterizati	on					
Unlikely	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two c	or more indic		sect (one or more i	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of3) Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection			\				
1. Sample for the lab?	è		□ Yes	- No				
2. If yes, collected from:	om:		☐ Flow	Pool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	rap set?		☐ Yes	oN □	If Yes, type: OBM	OBM Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: S07-19
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: Me (m)
General Location: Biggio North of Field House (circular outfall on right)	

LOCATION	MATERIA	AL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe] CMP	□ Circular □ Eliptical □ Box □ Other:	Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-тар ☐ Other:		☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when o	collecting	samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes	No	If No	o, Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐] Moderate	☐ Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		DESC	DESCRIPTION	RE	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	П	Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/sour Petroleum/gas] Petroleum/gas	□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color	0	Clear Green	☐ Brown ☐	Gray Yellow	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity	0		Sec	See severity	☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	□ 2 - Cloudy	3 - Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper	, etc.)	□ Suds	☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	cal Indicators	for Both Flated to flow pr	lowing and N	Section 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and Non-Flowing Outfalls Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	ction 6)		
INDICATOR	CHECK IF	CHECK if Present		DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	TS
Outfall Damage		I	Spalling, Crac	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Peeling Paint Corrosion	iii.		
Deposits/Stains			☐ Oily ☐ Flow Line	Line Paint Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation			☐ Excessive ☐	☐ Inhibited			
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	☐ Colors ☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen ☐ Excessive Algae ☐ Other:	ua		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	☐ Orange ☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	III Outfall Cha	aracterizati	ion				
Unlikely [Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o	or more indicator.		Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of 3) Obvious	
Section 6: Data Collection	Collection						
1. Sample for the lab?	16?		□Yes	-No			
2. If yes, collected from:	from:		☐ Flow	□ Pool			
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	/ trap set?		☐ Yes	□ No If Yes, type: □ OBM] OBM		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?



Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: S07-20
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by:
Convert Leasting Biggins Dr. garage from California deck	Name Field House defice
General Location: Biggio Dr. across from Coliseum loading dock	

LOCATION	MAT	ERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	☐ RCP ☐ PVC ☐ Steel ☐ Other:	□ CMP			Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:		☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable w	when collecting	samples)			
Flow Present?	☐ Yes	☑ No	If No,	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle	☐ Moderat	e Substantial			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION	NOIL	RE	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	0	Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/s	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	n/gas	□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown	Gray	☐ Yellow ☐ Other:	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	2 – Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	2-Cloudy	3-Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	П	Sewage (Toilet Paper,	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	c) Suds		☐ I – Few/slight; origin not obvious	2 – Some, indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present? Yes KNo (ff/No, Sk INDICATOR CHECK if Present DESCRIPTION	that are not rel	re not related to flow pi	resent?	Yes Who	(If No, Skip to Section 6) DESCRIPTION	ection 6)	COMMENTS	<u>21</u>
Outfall Damage			Spalling,	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	pping Peeling Paint	int		
Deposits/Stains			□ oily □	Flow Line	☐ Paint ☐ Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation			☐ Excessive	□ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality			Odors Suds	Colors Colors Excessive Algae	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen Algae ☐ Other:	eeu		
Pipe benthic growth			☐ Brown	Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	aracterizati	on					
Unlikely	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	sence of two o	r more indic	ators)	Suspect (one or more	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection			5				
1. Sample for the lab?	5		□ Yes	ON E				
2. If yes, collected from:	om:		□ Flow	☐ Pool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	an set?		Nec	No.	If Yes tyne-	ORM Cault dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: T07-14	
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):	1
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 ho	urs: Form completed by:	No Contey
General Location: Donahue @ Wellness Kitchen		

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	☐ RCP ☐ CMP☐ PVC ☐ HDPE☐ Steel☐ Other:	☐ Circular ☐ Eliptical ☐ Box ☐ Other:	☐ Single ☐ Double ☐ Triple ☐ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions: 72"x96"	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collecting	ig samples)			
Flow Present?	☑ Yes □ N	lo If No,	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Moder	ate Substantial			

(If No, Skip to Section 5)

Section 3: Physical Indicators for Flowing Outfalls Only
Are Any Physical Indicators Present in the flow?

Yes
No

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present		DESC	DESCRIPTION		REI	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)	
Odor		Sewage Sulfide	☐ Rancid/sour ☐ Petroleum/gas ☐ Other:	Petroleum/ga	80	1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance	
Color		☐ Clear	☐ Brown ☐	☐ Gray	☐ Yellow ☐Other:	☐ 1 — Faint colors in sample bottle	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow	
Turbidity	D		See	See severity		☐ 1 – Slight cloudiness	17-Cloudy	3 - Opaque	
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!		Sewage (Toilet Paper	, etc.)	Suds Other:		☐ 1 — Few/slight; origin not obvious	☐ 2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)	
ection 4: Physical Indicators for Both Flowing and North physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	I Indicators	for Both F	Towing and Non	on-Flowin s No	on-Flowing Outfalls ss \[\] No \(\((\frac{ff}{ff}\)No, \((\frac{ff}{ff}\)No, \((\frac{ff}{ff}\)No \((\frac{ff}\)No \((\frac{ff}{ff}\)No \((\frac{ff}{ff}\)No \((\frac{ff}{ff}\)	ction 6)			
INDICATOR	CHECK if Present	Present		DES	DESCRIPTION		COMMENTS	TS	
Outfall Damage			Spalling, Cracl	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	g Peeling Paint	nt			
Deposits/Stains			Oily How Line	Line Paint	nt Other:				
Abnormal Vegetation			☐ Excessive ☐	Inhibited					
Poor pool quality	Ŋ		Odors Suds	Colors Excessive Alga	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen ac ☐ Other:	ue			
Pipe benthic growth			□ Brown □	Orange	☐ Green ☐ Other:				
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	Outfall Cha	aracterizat	ion						
☐ Unlikely	Potential (pres	sence of two	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)		suspect (one or more	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	of3) 🔲 Obvious		
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection					- 4			4
 Sample for the lab? 	3	9	☐ Yes	EN.º					
2. If yes, collected from:	om:		Flow	Dool					
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	rap set?		Yes	ON 🗆	If Yes, type:	☐ OBM ☐ Caulk dam			

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Section 1: Background Data

Subwatershed: PMC	Outfall ID: T07-17
Today's date: 12/20/19	Time (Military):
Rainfall (in.): Last 24 hours: Last 48 hours:	Form completed by: We fam les
	Needs Roome
General Location: Donahue @ Wellness Kitchen (small pipe on right)	

LOCATION	MATERIAL		SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (IN.)	SUBMERGED
⊠ Closed Pipe	□ RCP □ CM □ PVC □ HE □ Steel □ Other: □		⊠ Single □ Double □ Triple □ Other:	Diameter/Dimensions:	In Water: No Partially Fully With Sediment: No Partially Fully
☐ Open drainage	☐ Concrete ☐ Earthen ☐ rip-rap ☐ Other:	☐ Trapezoid ☐ Parabolic ☐ Other:		Depth: Top Width: Bottom Width:	
☐ In-Stream	(applicable when collec	cting samples)			<u> </u>
Flow Present?	☐ Yes ☐	No If No,	Skip to Section 5		
Flow Description (If present)	☐ Trickle ☐ Mod	derate			

INDICATOR	CHECK if Present			DESCRIPTION		RE	RELATIVE SEVERITY INDEX (1-3)	(1-3)
Odor	0	Sewage Sulfide	Rancid/sour	our 🔲 Petroleum/gas		□ 1 – Faint	2 - Easily detected	3 – Noticeable from a distance
Color		Clear	Brown Orange	Gray Gray	☐ Yellow ☐Other:	☐ 1 – Faint colors in sample bottle	2 - Clearly visible in sample bottle	3 – Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity				See severity		☐ 1 — Slight cloudiness	2-Cloudy	☐ 3 – Opaque
Floatables -Does Not Include Trash!!	0	Sewage (Toilet Paper	Sewage (Toilet Paper, etc.)	.) Suds		☐ 1 – Few/slight, origin not obvious	2 – Some; indications of origin (e.g., possible suds or oil sheen)	3 - Some; origin clear (e.g., obvious oil sheen, suds, or floating sanitary materials)
Are physical indicators that are not related to flow present?	s that are not rel	lated to flow p	resent?	J Yes LATO	(If No, Skip to Section 6)	ction 6)	COMMENTS	Z.
INDICATOR	CHECK	CHECK IT Present		חבים	SCKIP LUN		COPINEIN	2
Outfall Damage			Spalling, C	Spalling, Cracking or Chipping Corrosion	g Deeling Paint	int		
Deposits/Stains				☐ Flow Line ☐ Paint	it Other:			
Abnormal Vegetation		0	☐ Excessive	☐ Inhibited				
Poor pool quality		I	Odors Suds	Colors Colors Excessive Algae	☐ Floatables ☐ Oil Sheen gae ☐ Other:	uee		
Pipe benthic growth		1	П Вгомп	Orange [☐ Green ☐ Other:			
Section 5: Overall Outfall Characterization	l Outfall Ch	aracterizati	ion					
Unlikely	Potential (pre	Potential (presence of two or more indicators)	or more indic		uspect (one or more	Suspect (one or more indicators with a severity of 3)	y of 3)	
Section 6: Data Collection	ollection							
1. Sample for the lab?	72	1	□ Yes	No No				
2. If yes, collected from:	.om:]	Flow	Dool				
3. Intermittent flow trap set?	trap set?		Yes	oN [If Yes, type:	OBM Caulk dam		

Section 7: Any Non-Illicit Discharge Concerns (e.g., trash or needed infrastructure repairs)?

Appendix F

Updated Campus Post Construction BMP Inventory

April 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020

ID	Туре	Description	Northing	Easting	Inspections
BB-01	Bioretention Basin	West Campus Basin 1	758225.419	765956.388	20
BB-02	Bioretention Basin	West Campus Basin 2	758376.003	765958.313	20
BB-03	Bioretention Basin	West Campus Basin 3	758517.978	765955.846	20
BB-04	Bioretention Basin	West Campus Basin 4	758228.842	765747.198	20
BB-05	Bioretention Basin	West Campus Basin 5	758381.564	765755.314	20
BB-06	Bioretention Basin	West Campus Basin 6	758529.441	765736.857	20
BB-07	Bioretention Basin	West Campus Basin 7	758238.465	765327.734	20
BB-08	Bioretention Basin	West Campus Basin 8	758535.185	765377.05	20
BB-09	Bioretention Basin	West Campus Basin 9	758722.087	765190.263	20
BB-10	Bioretention Basin	Pharmacy Research Basin 1	761430.634	761020.487	20
BB-11	Bioretention Basin	Pharmacy Research Basin 2	761569.458	761003.542	20
BB-12	Bioretention Basin	Nursing Basin 1	761516.602	761229.130	20
BB-13	Bioretention Basin	Nursing Basin 2	761729.258	761170.238	20
BB-14	Bioretention Basin	Nursing Basin 3	761727.261	761080.608	20
BRC-01	Bioretention Cell	Foy Hall Bioretention Cell	763407.054	765682.977	20
BRC-02	Bioretention Cell	Campus Safety Bioretention Cell	761066.411	766090.049	20
BRC-03	Bioretention Cell	CASIC Biorentention Cell	761055.331	758997.308	20
BRC-04	Bioretention Cell	Corley Bioretention Cell 1	763663.773	764042.590	26
BRC-05	Bioretention Cell	Corley Bioretention Cell 2	763622.125	763959.864	26
BRC-06	Bioretention Cell	Mell Bioretenion Cell 1	763790.009	765433.314	26
BRC-07	Bioretention Cell	Mell Bioretention Cell 2	763789.971	765283.680	26
BRC-08	Bioretention Cell	Mell Bioretention Cell 3	763790.137	765086.417	26
BRC-09	Bioretention Cell	Horton Hardgrave Bioretention Cell	761835.117	765912.691	

ID	Туре	Description	Northing	Easting	Inspections
BRC-10	Bioretention Cell	West Campus Bioretention Cell 1	758024.941	765700.549	
BRC-11	Bioretention Cell	West Campus Bioretention Cell 2	758036.911	765234.281	
BRM-01	Berm	Arboretum Berm 1	763882.906	762201.25	60
BRM-02	Berm	Arboretum Berm 2	764243.147	762607.741	60
BRM-03	Berm	Arboretum Berm 3	764042.345	762607.442	60
BRM-04	Outlet Berm	Woodfield Drive Berm 1	761589.811	759935.15	12
BRM-05	Outlet Berm	Woodfield Drive Berm 2	761156.332	759871.907	12
BRM-06	Outlet Berm	Woodfield Drive Berm 3	760609.706	760131.388	12
CI-01	Cistern	Dudley Hall Cistern	763242.478	763743.599	26
CI-02	Cistern	Arboretum Cistern 1	763825.449	762159.585	20
CI-03	Cistern	Arboretum Cistern 2	764116.722	762653.166	20
DDET-01	Dry Detention Basin	VCOM Pond	760575.328	760287.361	26
DDET-02	Dry Detention Basin	West Campus Pond	759043.656	764976.252	20
DDET-03	Dry Detention Basin	Medical Clinic Pond	762266.136	761383.546	20
DDET-04	Dry Detention Basin	Facilities Pond	758241.439	763286.672	50
DDET-05	Dry Detention Basin	District Energy Pond	759762.452	765460.951	20
DDET-06	Dry Detention Basin	Theta Chi Pond	758965.981	762250.575	
DDET-07	Dry Detention Basin	Delta Tau Delta Pond	759107.307	762263.753	
DDET-08	Dry Detention Basin	Health Sciences Sector Pond	761256.191	760834.644	10
DDET-09	Dry Detention Basin	Risk Management Pond	758014.508	762998.407	20
GS-01	Grassed Swale	Ag Heritage Park Swale	761629.387	762567.204	20
GS-02	Grassed Swale	Medical Clinic Swale	762390.435	761711.035	24

ID	Туре	Description	Northing	Easting	Inspections
GS-03	Grassed Swale	VCOM Swale 1	760757.545	760229.729	26
GS-04	Grassed Swale	VCOM Swale 2	760827.756	760138.269	26
GS-05	Grassed Swale	VCOM Swale 3	761002.268	760082.434	26
GS-06	Grassed Swale	ARTF MRI Swale 1	760412.176	758902.844	20
GS-07	Grassed Swale	Lem Morrison Swale	762148.543	761268.924	20
GS-08	Grassed Swale	Arboretum Swale	764187.037	762438.012	106
GS-09	Grassed Swale	CASIC Swale	760781.495	758817.433	20
GS-10	Grassed Swale	Research Park Swale	760420.934	758571.334	20
GR-01	Green Roof	Rec and Wellness Green Roof 1	761331.297	764472.702	
GR-02	Green Roof	Rec and Wellness Green Roof 2	760861.839	764507.581	
GR-03	Green Roof	Nursing Green Roof	761066.4107	766090.0492	15
GR-04	Green Roof	Brown Kopel Green Roof	763237.807	766187.963	
PA-01	Porous Asphalt	VCOM Pond Path Paving	760551.855	760217.067	20
PP-01	Permeable Pavers	Samford Park Pavers	764362.438	766341.376	50
PP-02	Permeable Pavers	Foy Hall Pavers	763596.195	765666.497	20
PP-03	Permeable Pavers	CASIC Pavers	760878.493	758911.607	20
PP-04	Permeable Pavers	Garden of Memory Pavers	763724.679	763100.491	26
PP-05	Permeable Pavers	Upper Quad Pavers	763490.318	765221.041	26
PP-06	Permeable Pavers	Mell Concourse Pavers	763790.097	765180.741	26
PP-07	Permeable Pavers	Harbert Recruiting Pavers	761812.016	764587.966	26
PP-08	Permeable Pavers	South College Street Parking Deck	764485.587	764822.946	
PC-01	Pervious Concrete	Arboretum Sidewalk 1	764345.564	762557.87	106

ID	Туре	Description	Northing	Easting	Inspections
PC-02	Pervious Concrete	Arboretum Sidewalk 2	760293.139	765729.32	106
PC-03	Pervious Concrete	Arboretum Sidewalk 3	764101.068	762450.098	106
PC-04	Pervious Concrete	Arboretum Sidewalk 4	764139.101	762311.241	106
PC-05	Pervious Concrete	Arboretum Sidewalk 5	763884.964	762418.462	106
PC-06	Pervious Concrete	Arboretum Sidewalk 6	764157.322	762296.021	106
RB-01	Rain Barrel	Arboretum Rain Barrel	763863.384	762143.701	150
RB-02	Rain Barrel	Dudley Rain Barrel	763242.478	763743.600	12
RG-01	Rain Garden	Gorrie Rain Garden 1	763564.53	763583.842	20
RG-02	Rain Garden	Gorrie Rain Garden 2	763512.559	763748.121	20
RG-03	Rain Garden	Plant Sciences Rain Garden 1	762252.404	759917.278	18
RG-04	Rain Garden	Plant Sciences Rain Garden 2	762211.743	759918.238	18
RG-05	Rain Garden	Dudley Rain Garden	763242.478	763743.599	12
RG-06	Rain Garden	Turfgrass Rain Garden	758786.644	756180.294	
RG-07	Rain Garden	Arboretum Rain Garden	764321.374	762515.223	70
RG-08	Rain Garden	Arboretum Rain Garden	764142.166	762315.617	70
RG-09	Rain Garden	Arboretum Rain Garden	763760.969	762192.845	70
RG-10	Rain Garden	Arboretum Rain Garden	763969.332	762611.932	70
RG-11	Rain Garden	Arboretum Rain Garden	763780.984	762194.366	70
RG-12	Rain Garden	Arboretum Rain Garden	763801.71	762166.783	70
RG-13	Rain Garden	Arboretum Rain Garden	763850.045	762078.895	70
SB-01	Sediment Basin	Petrie Subsurface Sediment Basin	762337.303	765368.054	20
UD-01	Underground Detention	Lowder Underground Detention	762322.269	766015.625	

Annual Storm Water Report 19-20 Post Construction Campus-Wide BMP Inventory Appendix F

ID	Туре	Description	Northing	Easting	Inspections
UD-02	Underground Detention	Shelby Underground Detention	763024.758	766285.682	
UD-03	Underground Detention	Indoor Practice Underground Detention	760649.251	763280.439	
UD-04	Underground Detention	President's Underground Detention	764157.322	762296.021	
WDET-01	Wet Detention Basin	Gogue Performing Arts Center Pond	763013.750	759497.730	

Bolded Items were added to campus inventory during the 19-20 reporting period